The Yolo Democrat.

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BEACH & KNOX

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Have leased the well-known

ELLIOTT CARRIAGE AND WAGON SHOP.

And propose to carry on the business in a manner that will be entirely satisfactory to the public. They will manufacture

ALL KINDS OF VEHICLES,

Carriages, Buggies, Sulkies,

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FARMING IMPLEMENTS, Etc.

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BEACH & KNOX, Proprietors.

WOODLAND, November 17th, 1875. fe16-3m

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Wholesale Druggists,

SACRAMENTO,

AGENTS FOR

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Proprietors of H. C. Kirk & Co's Condition Powders; H. C. Kirk & Co's Escence Jamaica Ginger; H. C. Kirk & Co's Essence Lemon; H. C. Kirk & Co's Essence Vanilla; Von Hoyter's Cough Specific—Genuine. ja4-3m

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Montgomery Avenue and Kearney Street,

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A New and Commodious Four-Story Hotel, with 175 First-Class Light Rooms, Elegantly Furnished, and a Steam Elevator.

Free Coach and Carriages to the House from all points.

Charges, Two Dollars per Day.

JOHN KELLY, Jr., Manager,

For 26 years Proprietor of the Brooklyn Hotel, San Francisco. fe23-3m

CAPITAL HOTEL.

Having purchased, thoroughly renovated and refurnished this old and favorite house throughout, the patronage of the traveling and resident public is respectfully solicited.

Good Boarding and Comfortable Rooms

At reasonable prices by the day or week. The table will be supplied with the best the market affords.

No Chinese Cooks Employed.

Free 'bus to and from all passenger trains.

JOHN TACKNEY, Proprietor.

fe23-3m

GOLDEN EAGLE

HOTEL!

Cor. K and 7th Sts.,

SACRAMENTO.

This old, well-known and popular house has recently been refitted and

Furnished in the Most Elegant Style.

de14-3m A. SITES, MANAGER.

CRAFT HOTEL,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND,

JOHN JACOBS, Proprietor.

The new proprietor proposes to make this house First-Class in every respect. It is all new and clean, handsomely furnished, and in a good location.

The Dining Room

Will continue under the supervision of an experienced caterer, and the accommodations are such as to please guests and patrons in every department. fe2-3m

C. H. DAVIS. JAS. VEIRS.

WOODLAND MEAT MARKETS.

CHAS. H. DAVIS & CO., Proprietors.

Good Beef,

MUTTON, VEAL,

PORK, SAUSAGE, SALT MEATS, ETC.,

Constantly on hand. ja4-3m

BUCKEYE AND COTTONWOOD STAGE!

After July 1st, 1874, the Stage for Cottonwood and Buckeye, carrying United States Mails, will LEAVE WOODLAND every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings at half-past Six. Returning, will LEAVE BUCKEYE at One P.M., via Cottonwood.

Passengers will find this an easy and comfortable conveyance.

All business matters entrusted to me will attended to with promptness and fidelity.

ja8 J. G. ALLISON, PROPRIETOR.

PRATHER & HOLMES,

DENTISTS,

☞ Nitrous Oxid (Laughing Gas) administered for the Painless Extraction of Teeth. Bank Building, corner Main and First streets, Woodland. mh1

DR. A. FOUCH,

PHYSICIAN AND OBSTETRICIAN,

Is now permanently located in Antelope. All calls will receive prompt attention. mh1

DR. E. L. FARRAMORE,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Is permanently located in Woodland. Calls promptly attended in town and country at all hours. Orders may be left at Simpson's Drug Store. Office opposite Postoffice fe22

M. A. NURSE,

COUNTY SURVEYOR OF YOLO COUNTY,

Is prepared to do surveying in any part of the county, aided by an efficient Deputy and Assistants. Office in the Court House. fe23-3m

R. S. MARKELL, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,

Graduate of the McGill University, Montreal, and Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario, Canada. Permanently located at Cacheville, Yolo County, Cal. fe23-3m

DR. W. T. LUCAS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

OFFICE—Over Prior's Harness Shop, Main Street, Woodland. fe15-3m

CREED HAYMOND. PASCAL H. COGGINS.

HAYMOND & COGGINS,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW,

Office over Gillig, Mott & Co's, No. 53 J street, Sacramento. Residence, Golden Eagle Hotel. fe16-3m

DR. HOWARD FORD,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Is permanently located at Davisville, and will promptly attend professional calls at all times. Office at Residence. fe9-3m

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,

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DR. B. H. PEIRSON,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office, corner College and Main streets, Woodland. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. and from 7 to 9 P. M., unless professionally engaged. fe2-3m

E. R. BUSH,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,

WOODLAND, CAL.,

Will practice in the District and Supreme Courts. ja25-3m

C. S. FROST,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Notary Public and Real Estate Agent, Woodland, Cal. Ranches and Town Property for sale ja25-3m

DR. HENRY M. KIER,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHER

OFFICE—With J. W. Snowball, Main Street, Knight's Landing, Cal. de21-3m

J. C. BALL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

AND COMMISSIONER IN BANKRUPTCY,

OFFICE—Over Freeman's Store, Cor. First and Main street, Woodland, Cal. de14-3m

DR. A. B. MERRITT,

HYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Of 40 years practice, offers his professional services to the Citizens' of Woodland and vicinity. Special attention paid to Chronic Diseases and Female Complaints. Orders left at Proctor's Drug Store will be promptly attended to. de7-3m

DR. E. A. GORDON,

KNIGHTS LANDING,

Offers his professional services to the citizens of that vicinity. Orders left at W. A. Sublett's Drug Store will be promptly attended to. de7-3m

DR. GEORGE H. JACKSON,

SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,

OFFICE—Over Bank of Woodland, corner of Main and First streets.

RESIDENCE—Second street, between Lincoln and Oak avenues. de7-3m

THOMAS ROSS, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal. Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Office, at Proctor's drug store; residence third house south of south of main st., opposite college. de5-3m

F. E. BAKER,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT-LAW,

Office at Court House, Woodland. de7-3m

BANK OF WOODLAND.

WOODLAND, CAL.

Capital Stock $500.000.

J. D. STEPHENS.....PRESIDENT.
F. S. FREEMAN...VICE PRESIDENT.
C. W. BUSH.....CASHIER.

Money Loaned on Real Estate, Personal or Collateral ecurity.

Discount days, Tuesdays and Fridays.

Exchange Furnished on Sacramento, San Francisco, and Eastern and European Cities.

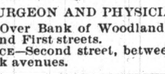
Collections promptly attended to at all available points.

☞ County Warrants purchased, and Greenbacks and all kinds of Government Securities bought and sold. Papers, and all kinds of valuables, securely kept, free of charge.

Also, Three Ranches and Three Town Lots in Woodland for sale at reasonable rates. m1

EL DORADO

LIVERY STABLES!



POCKMAN & REDD.

Have become the Proprietors of these celebrated Livery, Sale and Boarding Stables, and are prepared to furnish on short notice any kind of turn-out desired—Saddle Horses, Single or Double Buggies, Carriages or Barouches, and will furnish drivers if desired.

Horses Boarded by the day, week or month.

fe9-3m POCKMAN & REDD, Proprietors.

DR. I. N. HODGEN,

MODERN DENTIST,

Of Louisville, Ky.,

Office and Dental Rooms, over Wells, Fargo & Co's Express Office. de14-tf

REMEMBER, WE KEEP NOTHING BUT Strictly Pure Liquors for medicinal purposes. ELSTON & WHITE.

Slings and Arrows.

[From the S. F. Daily Examiner.]

It is easy to conjecture why Grant will not vex the country with a valedictory. In the first place, he is not in condition, and, moreover, he is in this "fix:"

His cogitative faculties immers'd
In cogibundity of cogitation.

When we consider that Hayes and Wheeler accept the fraud of the Wells Returning Board, as their warrant of Office, it causes us to reflect that

"He that stands upon a slippery p[lace]
Makes nice of no vile hold to stay himself.

As singularly appropriate to the controlling eight of the Hayes Returning Board, we suggest this:

"Your oaths are past, and now subscribe
That your hand may strike your honor down."

Think of Hayes or Wheeler humiliating himself before J. Madison Wells, their Warwick, in such terms as these:

"Thine own forever, and I, thy——,
For aye thy foot-licker."

As things appear at Washington these pregnant closing days of individual Grantism—

"Every minute now
Should be the father of the strategem:
The times are wild."

Sargent and Hipple-Mitchell now and then yelp forth, but let us remember they feel it incumbent—

"Like two village curs,
Bark when their fellows do."

Think of Frelinghuysen of New Jersey, the Massachusetts Hoar, and the Radical Justices of the Commission, admitting to each other—

"Thus we debase
The nature of our seats."

Since the *twist* the eight Radicals of the Hayes Returning Board took on the Louisiana and Oregon cases of ineligible Electors, the people justly proclaim—

"Be these juggling rogues no more believed
That palter with us in a double sense."

By fraud and perjury the Radical Hayes Returning Board may count out Tilden, yet—

"He sits high in all the people's hearts."

The Hayes Returning Board decided one way in the Florida case, another way in the Louisiana case, and still another in the case of Oregon. To count out Tilden and to count in Hayes—

"Thus hath the course of justice whirled about."

Senator Sherman, while in New Orleans, asked of Grant's pet and his own peer, J. Madison Wells:

"Have you a ruffian that will swear, drink, dance?"

And Wells at once introduced to the Senator his colleagues of the Returning Board.

Morton has something of the "wicked wag" in him, after all. When asked: "What rein can hold licentious wickedness?" he grimly replied, "Why Hayes' reign can. He must have me and Sherman; and who, then, will doubt?"

It is a burning shame to think that J. Madison Wells, the peer of any Radical in the Senate or upon the Commission, should have been impelled by David Dudley Field to cry out, under cross-examination—

"I'm disgrac'd, impeach'd and baffl'd here."

Charles O'Conor did not say it, and yet he might have said it in his address, to the Radical sight:

"You have among you here some purchased slaves."

A study of the day, since the action of Justices Miller, Strong and Bradley, is:

"Thieves for their robbery have authority
When Judges steal themselves."

Was it not cruel for Hoar, of Massachusetts, when Sargent spoke, to exclaim:

"What cracker is this same, that deafs our ears?"
"Oh, he's as tedious as a tired horse, a railing wife."

And why does Gorham in his letters now, say of——, that he is "A good sized monster of ingratitudes."

If it be true, as the poet says, that—

"At certain revolutions all the damn'd
Are bought,"

it must also be true that the eight Radicals of the Commission had been secured even before they took their seats.

When Morton was proposed as one of the Commission in the Radical Senate Caucus, "Hell trembeled at the hideous name," for as all know, Morton is worse than hell.

Said Wm. Pitt Kellogg: "All hell can't take Louisiana away from Hayes." But the scoundrel knew that it was "all hell" which had first taken Louisiana to Hayes.

Grant said that no man worthy of the Presidency should be willing to take or hold it by fraud; but wherein does this effect Hayes' readiness to take or hold it?

Thus the saying passed around, after the verdict of the Commission in the Florida, Louisiana and Oregon cases—

"I see men's judgments are
A parcel of their fortunes."

It is a question yet to be determined whether the Vermont Edmunds or Hoar of Massachusetts was thus portrayed, as concerns the Commission:

"This holy fox,
Or wolf, or both—for he is equal ravenous
As he is subtile."

It was Edmunds, of Vermont, who proposed the Commission, and—

"So smooth he daubed his vice with show of
Virture,"

that he prevailed on honest men to confide in him, only to be betrayed.

A clever word-painter of characters has well sketched in truthful outline the Radical eight, as—

"Disguised cheaters, prating mountebanks."

Those who expected that any of the Radical eight of the Hayes Returning Board would return an honest judgment, can solace themselves with the thought that

"Oft expectation falls, and most oft there,
Where most it promises."

Whilst Garfield was urging the cause of Hayes before the House the Speaker mused—

"I see before me the gladiator lie."

A fair epitaph for Grant would be—"The words of his mouth were smoother than butter, but war was in his heart."

Not one of the infamous eight of the Hayes Returning Board was "wiser in his own conceit than seven men that can render a reason," but they were all pledged in advance to copy after J. Madison Wells, wherein "he putteth down one and setteth up another."

The honest and indignant man who, on reading the action of the infamous eight of the Hayes Returning Board, said in his haste "All men are liars!" very properly modified his ejaculation to the truthful hint—"but these eight are perjurers!"

Morton's authoritative greeting to Hayes can be thus prefaced—

"Hell from beneath is moved for them to meet
thee at thy coming."

Next after Sargent Morton rose—"A mingled form, prodigious to behold, half bull, half man,"

"To swell the bold notes of the liar?"

For voting as he did vote, to count Hayes in, let the truth be told of——

"He's not a villian, but a debauchee."

It may be just praise to Hipple-Mitchell to admit—

"A greater liar Parthia never bred."

Robeson will miss the navy plunder soon, but thus does solace to himself: "I'll silent steal through life in my own way."

It must have been "saint-seducing gold" that wrought so much with the lamb-like Wells, and the slave of the "Railroad Ring" Bradley.

The motto of the infamous eight of the Hayes Returning Board: "Fair is just and just is fair."

Old Simon to his son Don: "I'll example you with thievery."

The fault of the Democratic leaders in Congress was, "Letting I dare not wait upon I would," and so "Confusion now hath made his masterpiece."

Hayes will early find himself to soliloquize:

"Upon my head they placed a fruitless crown,
And put a barren sceptre in my grip."

The infamous Radical eight can quote from the murderer in Macbeth: "We are mean my liege," but the world will answer, as Macduff did: "Aye, in the catalogue, ye go for men."

The ruling spirit of the Commission was, that

"Things without all remedy,
Should be without regard. What's done is done."

"Treason has done his worst."

When a platoon of soldiers shoot to death a deserter, in one of the muskets—drawn by lot—there is no bullet, and thus each can say to his comrade:

"Thou can'st not say I did it."

But not so can any one of the perjured eight declare, as to his share in the infamy of their decisions. Each knew the crime and yet committed it.

In the case of Conkling we see that:

"What bird is clean, that fellow-birds devour."

Booth's g-r-e-a-t speeches remind one of the line:

"With swelling words, but words will build
no walls."

When Senator Bogy referred to one of the corrupt justices of the Commission, Bradley felt the stiug—

And then he started, like a guilty thing,

With a lust of grist, Miller couldn't see it for Tilden. He looked at O'Conor, and to himself he said;

"Thou hast no speculation in those eyes."

It will serve to say of Booth that he has:

"Just enough of learning to misquote"

And that he——

"Perverts the prophets and purloins the
psalms."

LOUISIANA.—The *Tribune*, which has been counting in Hayes and Wheeler all the time, comes to the conclusion that "the Packard Government inherits the product of eight years of fraud and perjury. From 1868 up to last November there had never been an election in Louisiana in which the number of ballots governed the verdict of the canvassers. Repeatedly, as all impartial observers know, the Democrats polled a majority of the votes, but the declaration of the Returning Board always gave the victory to their opponents." A Republican Senate has steadily refused to admit Pinchback because admitting him involved the recognition of an usurping government; and Republican members of the House, including the Vice-President elect, Mr. Wheeler, reported, after investigating the action of the Returning Board at the election of 1874, that it was entitled to no respect whatever. There has been more than one occasion within the past four years when at a word from the President or the passing of a simple resolution in the Senate the whole fabric of fraud in Louisiana would have crumbled to pieces. But the President was perverse and the Senate was purblind. General Grant propped up the Returning Board with swords and bayonets, and broke up a lawful Legislature by military force; while the Senate, admitting that the condition of Louisiana was a scandal calling for interference, had not the foresight to perceive how it could benefit the Republican party by prompt action. Nobody now doubts that if the Washington Administration had done its duty when Mr. Carpeater made his celebrated report, or even when the rival Legislatures met in New Orleans in 1875, Louisiana today would be at peace, and the election of 1876 would have been substantially fair and free.

GRANT AND WASHINGTON.—The following is Wade Hampton's Twenty-Second of February Proclamation:

His Excellency, the President of the United States, having ordered that the white militia companies of the State should not parade on the 22d instant, to celebrate Washington's Birthday, in deference to the office he holds, I hereby call upon those organizations to postpone to some future day this manifestation of their respect to the memory of that illustrious President, whose highest ambition it was, as it was his chief glory, to observe the Constitution and obey the laws of his country. If the arbitrary demands of a Chief Executive who has not sought to emulate the virtues of Washington, deprive the citizens of this State of the privilege of joining publicly in paying reverence to that day so sacred to every American patriot, we can at least show our obedience to constituted authority, however arbitrarily exercised, that we are not unworthy to be the countrymen of Washington. We must therefore remit to some more auspicious period, which I trust is not far distant, the exercise of our right to commemorate the civic virtues of that unsullied character who wielded his sword only to found and perpetuate that American constitutional liberty which is now denied to the citizens of South Carolina.

WADE HAMPTON, Governor.

WELLS' financial arrangement was "for a million all round, of which all must be equally divided between Anderson and me, *except $30,000 for each of the niggers, who will be glad to leave the country.*"

THE DUKE OF ARGYLE declares his belief that England's policy of not forcing Turkey to comply with her wishes will end in a disastrous war.

VANDERBILT'S will was offered for probate when a protest was entered on behalf of eight married daughters,

Political Biography.

A PEN-PICTURE OF THE LOUISIANA RETURNING BOARD—WHO THEY ARE AND WHAT THEY ARE.

[St. Louis Republican.]

James Madison Wells is a native of Louisiana, born in Rapides parish, and graduated early in life as the accomplished stable boy to a famous race course jockey. In the haste of preparing him for the world his moral and mental education was necessarily omitted, but an equivalent was supplied by a thorough installation of those arts by which the favorite horse can be bulldozed into defeat and the "scrub" landed under the string as the winner. But the ambition to "rise out of the prison of mean estate" burned fiercely in the youthful bosom of Mr. Wells, and by strict attention to business and utter disregard of those conventional proprieties which mar the fortune of less ambitious youths, he soon became famous throughout the southwest as a successful and enterprising jockey who knew perfectly the philosophy with which Mr. Eckles was not familiar; "How the horse that ought not to win could infallibly be made to win." A fame like this brought the youthful Wells into conspicious notoriety on the race course, so much so, indeed, that the owners of Lecompt proposed to Mr. Wells that if he could fix it so that their horse could beat Lexington in the famous race over the Metairie course in 1852 he might claim and receive any reward he desired. To use a forcible, but not polite expression, this was nuts for Mr. Wells to crack. He was head groom to Lexington and knew just how to prevail on that gallant racer to fall behind in the struggle. Suffice it to say, that he was not disappointed in his expectations, and Mr. Wells turned up shortly thereafter as a part owner of Lecompt. Lexington's subsequent triumph over the "time" of his fleet competitor in no wise deminished the reputation Mr. Wells had acquired as an astute and a successful operator on the turf. So much so, indeed, that shortly after his ingenious devices were employed to engineer a "brace game of faro" in a noted bird-house on St. Charles street in New Orleans. In this laudable and successful pursuit Mr. Wells acquired the means to establish himself in a lucrative gambling business and he discarded forever the blue jacket and striped cap of the jockey. Into this unpretentious but serene life he was quietly subsiding when the war broke out, and to escape the necessity of taking any share in its burdens he immediately betook himself to the sequestered swamps of Rapides parish to emerge into public life again as soon as the Federal troops under Banks had got full possession of the State. Although Mr. Wells had never devoted any part of his life to agricultural pursuits, no sooner had the Federal troops entered his district than he immediately set up a claim to all the cotton in the parish. So a large property owner, Gen. Banks concluded should, of course be an eminent citizen, and he thereupon certified to the country that the only real and upright Louisianian he had met with was J. Madison Wells, of Rapides parish. From that time forth J. Madison's stars rained fortunes on him. He became a politicion, an aspirant for office, and ran on Banks' reconstruction ticket in 1864 for Lieutenant Governer, the first place being assigned to Michael Hahn. Of course he was elected. Nobody but loyal people voted in Louisiana in those days, or at least those who Gen. Banks accounted loyal. The next thing that came about was the election of Hahn to the Senate, and then J. Madison Wells, the whilom jockey, the expert groom, the ingenious croupier to the bird-house farohell, leaped at one gigantic bound to the full-fledged governor—a political nondescript, as remarkable as Minerva when she sprang full armored and panoplied for war from the head of Jove. Of his subsequent career it is unnecessary to speak at length. Unhappily for Louisiana it is already familiar to the country.

His white associates on the Returning Board, General Thomas C. Anderson, is less widely known, although by no means less deserving of special mention. He is a Virginian by birth, and has been a planter in St. Landry parish for forty years. When politics were reputable and white men ruled in Louisiana, Gen. Anderson was respectable. He held high rank in the militia, and his courageous intrepidity on muster days won him the distinction of a brigadier. An admirer of the old axiom to let well enough alone, he surrendered his military emoluments at the breaking out of the war and generously permitted his less distinguished countrymen to seek "the bubble reputation at the cannon's mouth." But if the sword no longer fascinated the Opelousas brigadier, he was not insensible to the honors which might be acquired in the Senate—the State Senate—and he met with the Legislature organized by Wm. Henry Allen, the war governor of Louisiana, at Shreveport. When that body adjourned Gen. Anderson returned to his plantation, but came back into public life with the advent of Warmouth's administration. In consideration of a promise by Warmouth to send him to the Senate, he became his facile supporter and convenient henchman. But Warmouth was accustomed to use such men without rewarding them, and, when too late to redress his grievance, Gen. Anderson discovered that a carpet-bagger's promise was full of guile and deceit. Nevertheless he was permitted to engineer through the Legislature a claim of $150,000, founded on the disloyal service of provisions supplied by a man named Weil to the Southern Army. Think of a loyal legislature passing such a claim. But Gen. Anderson alleged that he had purchased the voucher from Weil, giving him $1,000 as an equivalent, and his associates rewarded his patriotism by giving him an order on the Treasury for one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Thus supplied with the sinews of war the General pushed his political career into Kellogg's term, lured thereto by his gorgeous dreams of the sensational toga, which alas! the election of Pinchback momentarily dispelled; but which Kellogg again revived by the promise of West's place when his term should expire.

Of the colored gentlemen who complete the political quartette of the Louisiana Returning Board, it is only necessary to say a few words.

Kenner is an octoroon, who up to 1871 was engaged as the usher and door-keeper of a gambling house on St. Charles street. His knowledge of political economy was acquired in that school and his practice is consistent with his profession.

Casanave, the other colored member, graduated from a waiter in a lunch saloon into a prominent factor in Louisiana politics, and is perhaps the most honorable and virtuous of this entire board of distinguished politicians.

An Arab Tournament.

Soon after our arrival, five horses were brought in, richly caparisoned in the Moorish style; powerful Moorish bits, with the ring encircling the lower jaw; short stirrups serving also as spurs; the high saddles, covered with velvet housings, embroidered and fringed with gold; heavy gold fringes on the neck and breast of the horses. All the horses were good, some very fine. Five sons of Sheik Achmet, all clad in Oriental robes of brilliant silk, all wearing the turban, now mounted and the sport began. It consisted mainly of dashing across the Court at full speed and suddenly bringing up the horses on their haunches, and of riding rapidly around one another in various circles, lunging and parrying with long, light lance-poles, one endeavoring to gain the unguarded flank of another. It was an admirable display of horsemanship, and with the fine carriage of the animals, the superb riding, the rich and graceful robes of the men and the housings of the horses, formed a remarkable spectacle.

It was a scene of another age, and of another race, and the first thought that occurred to all of us was that at last we could realize the games that graced the festivals of Alhambra. Among those who took part were two very marked men who happened to be the best and most daring riders. These were the youngest and oldest of those who rode. The elder was a powerfully built man of about forty, perhaps five feet eight in hight, with an intelligent and very determined countenance, though there was nothing unpleasant in it. The other could not have been more than twenty; light and graceful as possible, with a charming face, full of intelligence and good nature, yet strong and full of courage, he was the beau ideal of a noble young man, while the older looked like a soldier hardened by many campaigns. The youngster's horse was trained to kneel and lie down and rise again at the sound of a drum, and this was the amusing part of the exhibition. A brace of wild Arabs danced frantically in front of the noble bay, wildly beating their drums until he knelt, and at last stretched himself at full length on the ground, the young Sheik keeping his seat until he rolled over on his side.—[From Gen. McClellan's "Winter on the Nile" in Scribner for March.

The Fradulent President.

The Electoral bill, as every man in the country knows, was framed for the purpose and its true intent and meaning was that the Electoral Commission should examine into the election and determine upon the proofs as to which of the two candidates for the Presidency had carried the States of Florida and Louisiana at the late election, or any other State, to the count of whose vote there might be formal objection. The language of the law itself, and the debates upon the bill, its passage through both Houses of Congress, clearly show this. This is a fact known to all men, Republicans dare not deny it. It was emphasized by Morton in his speech, who offered an amendment to the original bill, forbidding the Commission to go behind the original returns. The proposition was voted down by a large majority upon the distinct understanding in the Senate and the House, and throughout the whole country, that the Commission would investigate the frauds in Louisiana and Florida, and give the vote of those States to the candidate for whom the people voted. That the Democrats submit to a judgment in the matter so manifestly unfair and partisan is an evidence of their forbearance only. They doubtless think that if the Radicals can stand the record they can stand Hayes. We go further and say we would a hundred times rather Hayes should be made President by fraud than that Tilden should have been elected under like disgraceful circumstances. Plain Sam'l J. Tilden, the honest man, is a title infinitely preferable and more honorable than that of R. B. Hayes, the fraudulent President.—*Sonoma Democrat.*

KATHLEEN MAVOURNEEN.—Mlle. Titiens, in a concert at Plymouth, England, in response to an encore, gave the well known song "Kathleen Mavourneen." In noticing this a local paper says: "The author of 'Kathleen Mavourneen' was Mr. Crouch, a Plymouth music master, who received for the copyright a £5 note. He left the town a quarter of a century ago. Exactly a year ago Mlle. Titiens, being in New York, gave 'Kathleen Mavourneen' as an encore, the only time she did so while in the States. It excited a furor of applause, and when it had subsided she was told that some man, presumed to be a lunatic, was fighting his way over the barriers from the pit to the flies (it was in the Opera House) saying he was determined to speak to Titiens. The Prima Donna told them to let him come in. On entering, he burst into tears, sobbing out, 'Oh, Mlle. Titiens, I never before heard my song sung as you have just sung it.' 'Your song,' was the reply, 'why you are not Crouch, surely?' 'I am, indeed,' rejoined the poor old composer; 'and I felt I must thank you myself.' Crouch had scraped together the two dollars for a pit seat, little expecting to hear his now famous song made the most telling morceau of the night."

THE REDWOODS OF CALIFORNIA.—From the *lumberman* we take the following: The redwood tree is a peculiarity of the California forests. Oregon in her splendid groves, has none of it, nor can Nevada boast of a single one. The sober shores of the great inland sea of Washington Territory are also without it, nor does Alaska boast a solitary sentinel of the family of gigantic evergreens. It belongs to the golden State alone, and it is a distinctive source of her fast accumulating wealth. No other lumber splits so true to the grain, and no other can supplant it so perfectly in the uses to which it is now devoted. For fence posts and railroad ties, it is the most durable wood ever found, resisting the action of both wind and water with unparalleled stability. Below San Francisco it is comparatively scarce, Santa Cruz and San Mateo being the only counties which have had an average growth of it. And the rapid improvements of elegant farms in these counties is fast thinning out the towering forests. But on the north coast there is wealth for years, but the question is now will these forests be replaced when they are thinned out by the insatiable demands of a growing community? In Japan a man who cuts down a tree must plant another in its stead; but no such stringent legislation prevails in this country. Sonoma, Mendocino and Humboldt counties employ thousands of men, and are building up a substantial prosperity from their redwood. Deserted lodging camps are soon converted into dairy farms, and the once nomadic tramps who swung the ax in the silent woods, settle down to grow up with the country, advancing toward opulence.

Returning Board Hayes, Returns Thanks for the Fraudulent Presidency.

It is assumed that the policy of the fraudulent President will be conciliation, after the manner of the cock among the cattle, who said, "Don't let us tread upon each other, gentlemen!" In furtherance of this purpose, we suppose, the first copy of R. B. Hayes' Inaugural Address has been presented to the *N. Y. Sun* in advance of all the other papers. It is as follows:

FELLOW CITIZENS:—The first duty of a man who has been elevated to a high office, is to return thanks to those by whom he has been made successful. Accordingly, I begin with expressing my profoundest sense of gratitude to Mr. J. Madison Wells, and his three associates, who, by such a rare exercise of ingenuity, audacity, and fidelity, were enabled to turn a majority of 8,000 against me in Louisiana into a majority of 4,000 in my favor. The feat is altogether unparalleled in political history, and shall receive, as it deserves, a high reward.

I must also remember the services of the illustrious High-Low Commission, which, sworn to ascertain what Electors were duly appointed in each State, stuck so manfully together in the noble resolve that no evidence should be taken to prove that anybody was elected anywhere except the persons who cast their votes for me. Where the merit was so impartially distributed, it might be invidious to single out particular individuals for honorable mention; but I cannot refrain from extolling the names of O. P. Morton (Onlyfor Party Morton), who, two years ago, introduced a bill authorizing either House of Congress to reject the electoral vote of a State, but, as a Commissioner, steadily insisted that neither House could go behind the returns, where they were in my favor; also G. F. Edmunds (Great Fraud Edmunds), who, two years ago, denounced the ever blessed Returning Board of Louisiana as a contrivance of thieves, and not fit to be regarded in seating a Senator, but who asserts that it is to be sacredly regarded in seating a President; and, finally, the immortal Jack Bunsby, I mean Joe Bradley, who, chosen as umpire in a board equally divided, always voted on my side. His fidelity can never be forgotten.

Let me, besides, compliment the perspicacity and consistency of the Senate, which, having twice voted for Morton's bill, allowing either House to throw out an electoral vote, at length discovered, when it became necessary to elect me, that it was highly improper and unconstitutional for either House even to think of trampling upon the rights of a State, especially when it was represented by a board of knaves and perjurers. It is no easy matter for a grave body of Senators to overcome their often expressed convictions, but in my case it was done with the utmost facility and without hesitation. As some of these Senators are soon to retire from their office they may count upon me, as they have already counted for me.

Can I forget an enlightened and faithful press, in this moment of high felicitations? Can I forget the *Times*, which for six mouths poured out a steady stream of scorching abuse of my opponent, whom only a little while before it had praised as an honest and honorable man? Can I forget the eminent field Marshal, who invented the dodge of $2,000,000,000 of Southern claims, which had so much effect in the canvass? Can I forget the *Evening Post* of New York, which for fifty years having steadily battled for certain principles, which my opponent represented better than any other man in the Union, and which I did not represent, suddenly deserted them to take up my cause? What renders this case of desertion the more magnanimous is that the three editors of that journal, who alone have given it any influence, were the intimate and lifelong personal friends of my opponent. It is true, its services were feeble, but so conspicuous a disregard, for my sake, of public and private decency ought to be acknowledged by a small share of the official patronage. Great credit is also due to the New York *Tribune*, which, after contending in 1872 that the country was only to be saved by the overthrow of the Republican party, bec me the champion of independent journalism, but is now happily converted by a high sense of public virtue and party fidelity by the influence of an eminent gambler of Wall street—my friend, Mr. Jay Gould. As our party is the party of moral ideas and immoral practices it can have no fitter organ than this journal, which towers to the skies, but sells liquor in the basement.

Having thus returned my thanks to those to whom I am chiefly indebted for my place by one vote, against a general popular majority of 262,000, against a majority of 1,000,000 among the white citizens of the country, against an electoral majority of twenty-one votes, and against a decided majority in the two stolen States that were counted for me, it might be expected of me to announce my policy for the future. But I have not yet consulted with Morton, Chandler and Wells, and do not desire to be premature. As, however, while I was in Congress, I voted for every bill to inflate the currency, for every subsidy to the gigantic railroad corporations, for nearly every job, and for old Thad. Stephens' extremest measures of Southern oppression, you may infer that I am not going to forget my old friends, whatever I or anybody else may say to the contrary.

RETURNING BOARD HAYES.

The Yolo Democrat,

With a Weekly Supplement.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF YOLO COUNTY.

FOR PRESIDENT IN 1880:

SAMUEL J. TILDEN;

AND FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

THOS. A. HENDRICKS.

WOODLAND, CAL:

Thursday, March 8th, 1877.

VERY PROPER.—Wells and Anderson were among the guests at the White House to offer their congratulations to Hayes.

EXTRA SESSION.—It is thought that Hayes will call an extra session of Congress. This is quite probable, as several important measures failed to pass before the last session closed.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.—We have received with compliments of the publisher, L. M. McKenney, San Francisco, a new book of this character, embracing in its scope San Francisco and the principle towns of California and Nevada, alphabetically arranged under each town and classified under heading of business. Price $1.50. The book is a valuable one, especially for business men.

THE NEW CABINET.—Lawyer Evarts is to have the office of Secretary of State in payment for his invaluable advice before the Conspiracy Commission; Senator Sherman will be accorded the Treasury Department, in return for eminent services. This seems to be as far as is determined thus far, but Key, of Tennessee, is mentioned for Postmaster-General, which seems to suit the Democracy.

REGISTRATION FRAUDS.—The San Francisco papers contain the report of the Investigating Committee of the Board of Supervisors upon the frauds alleged to have been committed in that city at the last election. They arrived at the conclusion that 8,105 fraudulent votes were cast, and that was more than enough to have given the State to Tilden. Still nothing more can be proven. No one is guilty!

DAILY DEMOCRAT.—We propose, if the people of Woodland and Yolo County desire it and will sustain the enterprise with their patronage, to issue a daily evening paper from this office in connection with our present business. A canvass will be made for advertisements and subscriptions, and if it seems to warrant the undertaking we will issue a twenty-column daily about the first of May next. Persons favoring the enterprise are invited to report at this office.

INAUGURATION DAY.—Monday last was the quietest Presidential inauguration day we ever observed. Not a gun was fired—not a hurrah nor even a shout was heard the live-long day for the man who was placed in the Presidential chair contrary to the wish of the American people. Sustainers of the fraud in San Francisco and Sacramento fired a few guns. In other parts of the country we hear of flags being suspended at half mast, and in some cases draped in mourning.

POLITICS.—We hope there will now be a little let-up on politics. During the last nine months there has been but little else talked of or cared about but politics. We propose now to take a respite of a few weeks. By that time, however, another campaign will have commenced, when we expect to "up and at them" again. In the mean time we hope to favor the cloyed appetites of our readers with matter that will be at least equally acceptable. We hope to be awake to the duties of the hour at all times, whatever they may be, to be a faithful watchman while on guard, sounding the alarm when danger approaches. We nail our colors to the mast and go forward for the right.

HAYES' INAUGURAL is moderate and conciliatory in tone. It could not well be otherwise. Occupying the Presidential chair by the sufferance of the people, who placed their seal of disapproval upon him when they elected Samuel J. Tilden to the high office which Hayes has been permitted to usurp, he naturally desires to conciliate all parties. This he will find an impossible task; though he may in a measure assuage the bitterness felt towards him by a majority of the American people if he shall use his best endeavors to do justice to all during his term of office. It cannot be expected that the people will repose confidence in man under such circumstances. Acts are required, without which words will have very little weight.

NEW PATENTS.—The following U. S. patents have lately been granted to Pacific Coast inventors, viz: Lewis Cutting, S. F., tip-cups for umbrellas; Calvin Nutting and Calvin Nutting, Jr., S. F., metal wheelbarrows; Emil Boesch, S. F., reflectors; Rebecca Sarah Brusie, Sonora, churns; Adam Goode, S. F., umbrella runners; Miles M. Harvey, S. F., slop Hoppers; Gustavus M. Jessen, Portland, Ogn., speed and distance indicators; Azanan J. Lowell, Alvarado, manufacture of tea kettles, etc.; Alexander C. McManis, S. F., spring mattresses; Allen Oliver, Forest Hill, quartz mills. William H. Thurman, Borden, method of connecting lumber for transportation in flumes, etc.

Speaker Randall's Valedictory.

The House having been called to order at 9:30 A.M. March 5th, Mr. Banks said that it was for the House to express its acknowledgments to the Speaker for the able discharge of his important and arduous labors. There were few who could estimate justly the difficulties which were inseparably connected with his position. It was but just that the House should make acknowledgment to Speaker Randall for the fidelity and impartiality with which he had discharged the duties of his office. He therefore offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the thanks of the House be tendered to Speaker J. Randall for the prompt efficient and impartial discharge of the duties of his office during the present arduous and important session of the Forty-fourth Congress.

The resolution was unanimously adopted.

When the hands on the clock dial indicated five minutes before noon, and when it was a physical impossibility to conclude the call, the Speaker interrupted it, rose and delivered his valedictory address as follows:

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives:—The Speakership, always responsible, onerous and full of embarrassments, has at this session imposed unusual and vexatious burdens. I have discharged the duties of the high position with unfaltering confidence in the candor and fairness of the House, and with the resolute purpose to do right at every hazard. For the first time in many years, the Democratic House of Representatives has occupied this hall and responded with untiring industry to the universal sentiment for a reform in the Government and a re-establishment of peace throughout the Republic. Fraud and corruption have been exposed and made odious; the expenditures of the Administration have been enormously reduced; no new taxes have been levied, and every description of unfue appropriation of the public money has been prevented. In this regard this House has met the public demand and expectation. In respect to political events, the session has been one of the most critical in our history. The majority in this House represents a majority of all the votes in the Union and, as we believe and know, a majority of the Electors duly chosen at the recent election for President and Vice-President has been made to choose between acquiescence in usurpation, or reaching right through civil commotion. The Democratic party yielded temporary possession of the Administration rather than entail upon the people civil war, with all its attendant horrors. There are some who will condemn the submission we have given to the results of a law which was not administered to the spirit of its creation, nor, as we believe to the letter of its provisions. We have done all this in preference to the danger of anarchy and bloodshed. Time will surely remedy this wrong, for there is in the American mind a desire for justice. We must await that remedy; it must come, impatient as we shall be for its arrival. Then we demand, as we have a right to demand, a reign of equal justice. That the sword shall cease to strike prostrate the governments of States; that the civil shall be superior to military rule, and the people shall be freed now and forever from the shackles of recent misgovernment.

I sincerely thank you, one and all, for your parting words of approval, and with the wish that each and every member may safely return to his home it only remains for me to declare that the constitutional limitation of the Forty-fourth Congress has been reached and that this House stands adjourned without day.

As the Speaker closed, all the members rose to their feet, and from the Democratic side and from the galleries came cheers and rounds of applause. Then came scenes of leave-taking, and in half an hour the hall, so lately the scene of so much tumult, passion and excitement, was deserted and silent, and thus closed the Forty-fourth Congress.

THE VOTE UPON CRONIN AND WATTS.—The decision of the Electoral Commission in regard to the Cronin vote is to the credit of the Democratic members particularly—for they had to decide against their partisan leanings; against, also, what many would claim as their party interests, and against the morality of some of their own partisans. Some may attribute other motives—policy, etc.—to the act of the seven Commissioners, but it seems more generous and fair to give them the credit of having voted against receiving Cronin's vote, on the simple ground that it would not be honest or honorable to vote otherwise. When they came to vote upon the question of counting the vote of Watts, of course they could not well avoid voting against it, as they had contended that he was ineligible, and could not therefore have been elected, etc. Their vote against the Cronin title to act as an Elector was a decision upon a moral as well as a political question, and will stand recorded to their honor. At least, the generous will so interpret it. —*Alta.*

English Opinions.

LONDON, March 3.—The *Times* praises the Democratic leaders for their moderation, and thinks their conduct will secure the entire sympathy of law-abiding American people, who are well able to appreciate moderation and respect for the constitution among public men. Hayes' election cannot excite genuine enthusiasm except in those who regard politics as a gambling, tricky game. It may be viewed with moderate satisfaction as an escape from the worse evils of the prolongation of the excitement or the conflict of titles; but Hayes has not, unfortunately, the moral weight necessary to ballast a Republican Administration situated as this must be. With the best intentions he will probably be unable to carry into effect many pledges in his letter to the Cincinnati Convention. We trust our anticipations are wrong, and that Hayes may show unexpected force of character and conquer the sympathies of the nation.

The London *Standard* says: The undisputed succession to the Presidency which has been secured is worth all the sacrifices of party interest or public equity it may have cost. The weakness of the new Government in Congress affords great hope of a decent Government, economy and justice to the South.

The *Daily News* considers that the success of the filibustering section of the Democrats would have caused a Republican reaction, ruinous to the future prospects of the Democrats. It thinks that the South will be better off in some respects than it would have been under Tilden, as Southerners will now equally control their own local affairs, without having the same temptation to abuse power as they would have had in case of a complete Democratic success. State Governments representing the white population, while they are at the same time bound to keep the peace with the blacks, by the existence of a Republican Federal Executive, may turn out to offer a better escape from the difficulties of the situation than would the election of a President with a less disputed title. The friends of America, and the reasonable, temperate portion of the American Republic, may thus congratulate Hayes on his election.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* says that President Hayes must rely for the vindication of his political character, not on the blunders of his enemies, but on his own acts. We see little reason for believing he will shake off the authority of the Republican majority in the Senate, which is able to coerce him with the power of vetoing his appointments, or that his administration will differ in any material points from that of General Grant.

RETURNING BOARD HAYES.—The Indianapolis *Sentinel* says that Mr. Hayes will hold office by reason of the success of fraud and perjury; that this is the case, Mr. Hayes knows full well himself. Under such circumstance, what is the duty of every honorable man in the country? It is to denounce him as the receiver of stolen goods; as the President of Returning Boards composed of rascals and thieves, and as a man utterly unworthy of the respect of the American people. His name will go down to posterity as that of the first American President who became President through rascality and fraud. The people who have been so foully wronged will teach their children to loathe his very name. They will tell them the story of the great wrong that has been committed against constitutional government in giving him an office after the people had elected another to fill it, and then he consented to accept the stolen honor.

When he becomes President no man who loves honor and fair dealing ought to extend to him the amenities of social life. He goes into office in a way which gives him no title to the respect of the people. A man who will accept an office which he knows rightfully belongs to another is no better than one who takes property that belongs to another. If fraud is tolerated in the legislative and judicial circles, it will not be by the people, and they will ostracize socially any man who puts upon himself stolen robes, whether he be President or private citizen.

STATE RIGHTS.—According to the Republican definition and practice, State Rights consists of the right of Returning Boards to commit a fraud, to disfradchise the people by altering the returns of counties and parishes, to throw out any number of votes that may be necessary to produce any desired result. In other words State Rights empower four scoundrels in Louisiana to foist upon the people of the United States as President, a candidate who has been defeated by a popular majority of 250,000 votes!—*Santa Clara Argus.*

CONSCIOUS OF THEFT.—The Washington correspondent of the Syracuse, N. Y., *Courier* says: The Republicans here show by their very looks that they are conscious of having stolen votes in their possession. Did you ever see a fellow who had been caught in the act of stealing sheep? If so, you may appreciate the guilt depicted in the faces of the Republicans, whose greed of power and patronage holds them to the larceny which they despise themselves for countenancing.

MR. THOMPSON, of Massachusetts, declared in Congress that the finding of the Commission was not in accordance with the facts, but was declaring the falsehood to be the truth. It had refused to examine the evidence which would prove beyond any doubt that the Tilden electors had been elected in Florida. What a spectacle for the eyes of the whole world! A Government which, though it could defend itself against its enemies, was helpless before internal fraud and corruption.

WELLS, the Louisiana president-maker, was the groom of the race horse Lexington when he ran against Lecompt. For a consideration he fixed Lexington so that Lecompt won.

JOINT SENATOR.—It is now generally understood that A. E. Wagstaff, Editor of the *Mail*, will be a candidate for the Solano and Yolo Joint Senatorship. If working for the party confers any claim for the position, certainly Mr. Wagstaff's claim is a strong one, for he labors for it with might and main year in and year out. We hope he will secure the nomination, not because we want to beat him for the same position, for we are not a candidate, but for reasons of our own.

DEATH.—On the 21st ult., Alexander Bray, brother of William Bray, who is well known in this county, died at Lakeport, Lake county. The Lake County *Bee* of the 1st inst. contained the following mention of the deceased:

With deep regret we chronicle the death of Alexander Bray, on last Thursday, a citizen of Lakeport and well known to all the people of the county. He was a man of good habits, upright in his dealings, and respected by all who knew him. His remains were taken to Upper Lake for interment on Saturday.

"NEW REMEDIES."—This is a monthly magazine, or trade journal of materia medica, etc., published by Wm. Wood & Co., 27 Great Jones Street, New York. It discusses all the new medical remedies offered to the public, contains full market reports, and is claimed to be the best and cheapest trade paper published.

NEW FIRM.—Mr Bidwell has purchased the interest of Mr. Porter in the grocery house of Thomas & Porter. The firm now is Thomas & Bidwell. Mr. B. is a thorough business man and we trust has made a good investment. Mr. Porter leaves our town and goes into another business.

ENLARGED.—Messrs. Davis & Viers have enlarged their meat market and made other improvements advantageous to their customers as well as to themselves.

New Advertisements.

THOMAS & BIDWELL

RETAIL GROCERS

AND DEALERS IN

All kinds of Farm Produce,

NEXT TO EXPRESS OFFICE,

Woodland, Cal.

mh8-3m

C. H. GAROUTTE,

SEARCHER OF RECORDS

AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

WOODLAND, YOLO COUNTY, CAL.

Office at the Court House. mh8-3m

Decided at Last

J. Bauer & Co.,

FURNITURE DEALERS,

HAVE JUST COMPLETED THEIR PRICE LIST OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD

FURNITURE!

Send for Price List and Description of Articles

TO J. BAUER & CO.,

162 J Street, Corner 6th,

SACRAMENTO.

mh8

$55 @ $77 a Week to Agents. $10 *Outfit Free.* P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine. mh8-au24-1y

A PERILOUS CRUISE.—The good Ship of State is now at sea, without chart, compass, rudder, or pilot, in charge of the pirates who have boarded her and thrown her appointed commander overboard. She is under the control of Morton, as a sort of Admiral, with Hayes as Rear Admiral, Sherman as Executive Officer, Simon Cameron as Purser, Wheeler as First Lt. Garfield as Master, Blaine as Ensign, Bob Ingersoll as Chaplain, Jack Logan as Gunner, Booth as Captain of the Foretop, Sargent as Boatswain, Hipple-Mitchell as Cockswain, J. Mad. Wells as Master's Mate, Page as Wardroom Steward, Hoar as Quartermaster, and Edmunds as Bo'swain's Mate. Just to what port the buccaneers will steer or take her, is beyond the ken of man. They may strand her on the beach, wreck her on the reef, founder her at sea, or scuttle her in deep soundings. But they will never let her anchor fall in a haven of safety. Heaven avert the calamity that seems to impend, and spare the good Ship until she can again be manned by a gallant and patriotic crew and officered by brave and honest men.—*Examiner.*

NEW PROPRIETORS.—The meat market of Steinmitz & Leinberger has been purchased by A. Summ & Bro., who will hereafter conduct the same in a manner which they hope will secure them a fair share of patronage. See their new card.

PURCHASED.—According to that chief of scoundrels, J. Madison Wells, Hayes' Presidency was purchased with coin. Certainly it was not the free gift of the people, for they condemned him by their votes.

New Advertisements.

NEW FIRM

AT THE MEAT MARKET,

A few doors west of Postoffice.

We beg leave to inform the people of Yolo County that we have purchased the Meat Market formerly belonging to MR. M. STEINMITZ. It shall be our aim to always keep on hand the very best

FRESH BEEF, MUTTON,

VEAL, PORK, LARD,

SAUSAGE, Etc.,

Which we will sell at

LOWEST MARKET RATES!

A. SUMM & BRO.

mh-3m

TOWN ORDINANCES.

The inhabitants of the Town of Woodland represented in Board of Trustees do ordain as follows:

Ordinance No. 13.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE TRUSTEES of the Town of Woodland, that Section 12 of Ordinance No. 2 is hereby amended so as to read as follows.

SECTION 12.—There is hereby levied annually a tax of Two Dollars ($2.00) on each dog owned or kept in the Town.

It shall be unlawful for any dog to run at large within the corporate limits of the Town, unless such dog shall wear a collar with the Marshal's seal impressed or cut thereon, which is his licence, the owner of such dog having paid therefor said tax of Two Dollars ($2.)

Any person owning or harboring a dog, and not having taken out such licence before the first day of July of each year, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined in a sum not less than Two Dollars nor more than Twenty Dollars, which fine may be collected on execution, and the Justice trying the case may order the Marshal to destroy such dog as a nuisance.

It shall be the duty of the Marshal or his assistants, to take up and impound all dogs found running at large within the Corporate limits of the Town (excepting such as wear a collar with the Marshal's Seal attached), and to keep the same supplied with food and water and confined for the space of forty-eight hours, unless the owner shall sooner redeem the animal by procuring the required tag and paying the further sum of One Dollar pound fees.

After keeping or restraining any dog for the required time of forty-eight hours, the Marshal or his Assistant shall kill said animal and make a proper disposition of the carcass.

Approved March 5th, 1877.

G. W. HIATT, President.

GEO. H. JACKSON, Town Clerk. mh8

Ordinance No. 14.

CONCERNING THE RESISTANCE OF the Town Marshal or Assistants in the performance of their duties.

Be it ordained by the Board of Trustees of the Town of Woodland:

SECTION 1.—If any person shall interfere with, oppose or resist the Marshal or any of his Assistants whilst engaged in performing any duty imposed or authorized by "The Ordinances of the Town of Woodland," he or she shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not less than twenty nor more than two hundred dollars, or by imprisonment for not less than ten nor more than one hundred days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Approved March 5th, 1877.

G. W. HIATT, President.

GEO. H. JACKSON, Town Clerk. mh8

R. FORRESTER. W. H. LUDDEN.

New Store!

New Goods!!

LUDDEN & FORRESTER

HAVE JUST OPENED A

COMPLETE STOCK

—OF—

NEW GOODS!

—CONSISTING OF—

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

Glassware & Queensware

And are prepared to sell

FIRST-CLASS GOODS!

—AT THE—

LOWEST PRICES!

Our Goods are all New, and were selected with special reference to the wants of the people of Yolo County.

We respectfully solicit a share of patronage, and ask all to give us a call and examine our stock.

LUDDEN & FORRESTER,

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

WOODLAND, Feb. 22d, 1877. fe15-3m

Leather's Patent Stone!

MR. HENRY MARTIN

HAS ESTABLISHED IN WOODLAND AN

ARTIFICIAL STONE MANUFACTORY!

And is prepared to turn out all descriptions of artificial cut, carved and ornamental stone, such as Plain and Ornamental Window Caps, Sills, Water Tables, Belting Courses, Steps, Chimney Tops, Carriage Blocks, Hitching Posts, Mosaic Tile, Fountain Basins, Sidewalks, Cemetery Work, Monuments, Vases, Lot Fencing, etc., at about one-third the cost of stone.

LEATHER'S PATENT STONE is more durable, and can be made more elaborate than native stone.

Manufactory, immediately west of Masonic Block.

fe22-3m

Established 1856!

Pioneer Store!

Time and Money Saved by Buying Goods of

F. S. FREEMAN & CO.,

WOODLAND AND CAPAY,

—WHO—

Buy and Sell Everything!

CALL AND SEE!

Hardware Store: College Block, Main St.

EASTERN CURRENCY CHECKS WANTED.

ja11-3m

WOODLAND

Variety Store!

A FULL ASSORTMENT

NOW IN STOCK!

If you want anything in my line Come and See Me!

Store, Opposite the College!

I can supply you with everything you want in the way of

Pictures, Books, Stationery, Sheet Music, Musical Instruments, Tobacco, Cigars, Mirrors, Abelone Jewelry, Toys, Nuts, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, Candles, Brackets and Pockets, and

An Endless Variety of Other Articles!

CATHOLIC BOOKS AND PICTURES

A SPECIALTY!

☞ All my goods have been bought for cash, and are paid for. They will be sold at a reasonable profit.

You are respectfully invited to give me a call.

mh1-3m **C. E. ST. LOUIS.**

E. BYNUM & CO.,

IMPORTING DRUGGISTS,

Having just received a

LARGE LOT OF GOODS FROM NEW YORK,

OFFER FOR SALE;

Lubin's Extracts, at 90 cents per bottle.

Murray & Lanman's Florida Water, 60 cents per bottle.

Dickey's Creme de Lis, 60 cents per bottle.

Burnett's Cocoaine, 75 cents per bottle.

Ring's Ambrosia, 75 cents per bottle.

Hall's Hair Renewer, 75 cents per bottle.

ALSO, A COMPLETE STOCK OF

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

MEDICINES,

And Everything to be found in a First-Class Drug Store.

PRESCRIPTIONS COMPOUNDED NIGHT OR DAY by careful and competent Druggists. de28

IF YOU WANT

GOOD AND CHEAP GRUB

—GO TO—

J. I. EATON!

He has Just Received a Fresh Supply of

Groceries and Provisions!

With a lot of the

BEST POTATOES!

Ever Brought to this Market.

☞ Keeps constantly on hand KNIGHTS LANDING FLOUR Fresh from the Mill!

Fresh Candies, Stationery,

TOBACCO, CIGARS AND NOTIONS of all kinds, too numerous to mention, which will be sold at the Very Lowest Cash Price. Place of business

Cor. Main and Third Streets,

OPPOSITE MASONIC HALL.

fe1-3m **J. I. EATON.**

RICHARD SCHNEIDER,

TEACHER OF PIANO, ORGAN,

Guitar and Vocal Music.

☞ Agent for Steinway & Sons, Decker Bros. and Emerson Pianos, Mason & Hamlin's and X. Spang's Organs.

A Selected Stock of Sheet Music,

Instruction Books, Music Folios, Best Strings, Guitars, etc., always on hand at San Francisco prices.

MASONIC BLOCK, WOODLAND, CAL.

de1-3m

MUSIC! MUSIC!

THE ELLIS BRASS & STRING BAND

Will furnish First-Class Music for Balls, Parties, Concerts, Parades, Picnics, etc., etc., on reasonable terms.

Apply to

ja19-3m L. ELLIS, Leader.

A. BUTZ,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Galbraith's Block,

WOODLAND.

A good stock of Cloths on hand, and a Fit guaranteed. Please give me a call.

fe9-3m A. BUTZ, Proprietor.

WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN wanted who will learn thoroughly the Photographic business. To one who suits I will give a No. 1 chance. Inquire immediately.

KING, PHOTOGRAPHER, Woodland.

Also, wanted two or three agents to canvass for the "Photo Chromo." fe8-tf

Removal!

J. L. SIMPRON, A. G. READ.

READ & SIMPSON,

—DEALERS IN—

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

CROCKERY,

GLASSWARE, Etc.,

—HAVE—

REMOVED

Into their New Store in GALBRAITH'S BLOCK,

One door west of their old stand,

And offer goods in their line at low prices.

AGENCY OF THE

'Home' & 'Home-Shuttle'

SEWING MACHINES!

And the "HALL TREADLE," which can be attached to other machines, enabling the operator to do more work in one hour than can be done in two hours with the old style Treadle.

SEWING MACHINE NEEDLES,

Of All Kinds!

Agents for J. W. Coffin's Buck Gloves!

A. G. READ,

LICENSED AUCTIONEER FOR YOLO CO.

mh1-3m

For 30 Days

From date I will sell for Cash my

Entire Stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing

AT COST.

This is no myth or fabulous assertion, but a *bona fide* fact. My stock is too large and must be reduced, therefore I take this mode, preferring my own customers to receive the benefit of the sacrifice, rather than Auction houses at San Francisco, as is too often the plan adopted by merchants to reduce their stock, and thereby deprive their own townspeople the benefit of the sacrifice. Call at once and examine my goods, and satisfy yourselves that there is one house in Sacramento that does not advertise one thing and practice another. I do not offer my goods at reduced rates because they are damaged or out of style, or to make room for new goods, but simply to reduce my stock. I guarantee every article in good order, or no sale. Those desiring Clothing will find it to their advantage to call immediately as I do not intend to sell to-day and replenish to-morrow, but make a positive reduction during a period of thirty days only. On hand a full and choice stock of

FURNISHING GOODS, HATS,

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

Latest Styles in Ties, Handkerchiefs, Shirts and Collars. Agent for the LAWTON SHIRT, the best in the market.

NO GOODS SOLD ON SUNDAY. One Price.

H. B. BURLINGAME,

146 J St., bet. 5th and 6th,

SACRAMENTO.

Feb. 10th, 1877. fe15-tf

SUNDAY CLOSING AGREEMENT.

We, the undersigned, dealers in Dry Goods and General Merchandise of the Town of Woodland, hereby agree to the following:

That for and in consideration of the sum of One Dollar ($1.00) paid into each other's hand by the undersigned, we hereby agree not to open our place of business, and that we will not engage in selling any merchandise therein on each and every SUNDAY, until further notice, under penalty of a forfeit of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars ($250.00), gold coin, to be paid by any of the undersigned violating the above agreement; said forfeit to be divided by the remaining undersigned.

GOSLINER & CO.,
A. NICKELSBURG & BRO.,
A. ALEXANDER,
S. T. PENDEGAST & CO.,
READ & SIMPSON,
LUDDEN & FORRESTER,
D. LEVY.

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of T. P. MAGEE, for publication.

Woodland, Feb. 15th, 1877. fe22-1m

Card to the Public.

On account of the ill health of my wife, I shall be absent from Woodland a part of the time for the next three months. I have *not* sold out my interest in the Dental office, *nor do I intend so to do;* but sickness makes it impossible for me to be in the office only a portion of the time as above stated. During my absence the business of the office will be conducted by my partner, Dr. Holmes, who is in every respect competent, having had a large experience and a thorough College education in the profession of Dentistry.

Thanking the public for past patronage, we still hope to merit a continuance of the same, by doing nothing but first-class work at reasonable prices.

fe15 W. J. PRATHER.

C. W. Proctor,

DRUGGIST,

DEALER IN DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS

—AND—

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,

MAIN ST., UNDER CRAFT HOTEL.

de14-3m WOODLAND.

REMINGTON SEWING MACHINES,

The Best in use,

C. SHAWL, AGENT,

WOODLAND, CAL.,

Office at Mrs. Porter's Millinery Store.

de21-3m

$20 REWARD.

Lost from the Ranch of the subscriber, in Putah Cañon, near Winters, Yolo County, 1 brown Steer, 4 years old; 1 red bald-faced Steer, about 4 years old; 1 large brown Steer, about 7 years old. Above reward will be given for the recovery of the same.

mh1-2t HENRY SEAMAN, Winters.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the undersigned will please come forward and settle up and save costs, for I must have money immediately; and my patrons are hereby notified that after this date I cannot give any credit, as I am about closing out my business in Woodland. [mh1-2w] F. M. HALL.

ELSTON & WHITE HAVE JUST received the Cheapest lot of Cigars ever brought to Woodland.

District Court Summons.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE Sixth Judicial District, State of California, County of Yolo.

W. J. CLARKE, Plaintiff, vs. NELSON D. WANEMAKER and JACOB MORNINGSTAR, Defendant.

The People of the State of California send greeting to NELSON D. WANEMAKER and JACOB MORNINGSTAR:

You are hereby summoned to appear and answer the complaint of W. J. CLARKE in said Court filed against you within ten days from the service of this writ, exclusive of the day of service, if served on you in this county; if served out of this county, but within this Judicial District, within twenty days; but if served on you without said District, then in forty days from such service, exclusive of the day of service, in an action commenced on the 17th day of February, 1877, in said Court.

Said action is brought to recover of Defendants the sum of Twelve thousand two hundred and sixty-four and fifty-nine one-hundredths dollars ($12,264.59) in U. S. gold coin due Plaintiff upon a contract and agreement entered into between said Defendants and said Plaintiff on or about the 31st day of May, 1871, and also for legal interest on the sum of $12,200 from the 15th day of July, 1875, and for costs of suit; and you are hereby notified, that if you fail to appear and answer the complaint as directed, Plaintiff will take default and apply to the Court for the relief demanded.

In testimony whereof, I, D. M. BURNS, Clerk of the Sixth Judicial District Court aforesaid, do hereunto set my hand and affix the Seal of said Court, at office in Woodland, this 19th day of February, A.D. 1877.

[SEAL.] D. M. BURNS, Clerk.

J. C. BALL, Attorney for Plaintiff. fe22-2m

District Court Summons.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE Sixth Judicial District, State of California, County of Yolo.

MAGGIE STINAFF, Plaintiff, vs. E. S. STINAFF, Defendant.

The People of the State of California send greeting to E. S. STINAFF:

You are hereby summoned to appear and answer the complaint of MAGGIE STINAFF in said Court filed against you within ten days from the service of this writ, exclusive of the day of service, if served on you in this county; if served out of this county, but within this Judicial District, within twenty days; but if served on you without said District, then in forty days from such service, exclusive of the day of service, in an action commenced on the 15th day of January, 1877, in said Court.

Said action is brought to obtain a decree of Court dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between Plaintiff and Defendant, on the ground of willful desertion and failure to provide Plaintiff with the necessaries of life. Also that Plaintiff have the care, custody and control of her infant child, ERNEST P. STINAFF, and for general relief. And you are hereby notified, that if you fail to appear and answer the complaint as directed, Plaintiff will take default and apply to the Court for the relief demanded.

In testimony whereof, I, D. M. BURNS, Clerk of the Sixth Judicial District Court aforesaid, do hereunto set my hand and affix the Seal of said Court, at office in Woodland, this 20th day of January, A.D. 1877.

[SEAL.] D. M. BURNS, Clerk.

J. C. BALL, Attorney for Plaintiff. ja25-2m

Justice's Court Summons.

IN THE JUSTICE'S COURT, CACHE Creek Township, in the County of Yolo, State of California.

WEAVER & JOHNSON, composed of A. WEAVER and R. JOHNSON, Plaintiffs, WM. M. ANDERSON, Defendant.

The People of the State of California send greeting to WM. M. ANDERSON, Defendant.

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiffs in the Justice's Court of Cache Creek Township, County of Yolo, State of California, and to answer before the Justice at his office in said Township, the Complaint filed therein, within five days (exclusive of the day of service), after the service on you of this summons—if served within the Township in which this action is brought; or, if served out of said Township, but in said County, within ten days; otherwise within twenty days.

The said action is brought to recover of you the sum of thirty-four dollars and seventy-five cents ($34.75) in gold coin of the United States, money due upon an account for blacksmithing done at your instance and request by Plaintiffs in the years 1875 and 1876, an account of items having been filed as complaint in my office, to which you are referred for particulars. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to so appear and answer said complaint, as above required, said Plaintiffs will take judgment against you for the sum of $34.75 in gold coin of the United States, together with costs of suit.

Make legal service and due return hereof.

Given under my hand this 16th day of October, 1876. P. H. SIBLEY,

Justice of the Peace of said Township.

ja11-2m

Justice's Summons.

IN THE JUSTICE'S COURT OF GRAFTON Township, in the County of Yolo, State of California.

HENRY PROVOST, Plaintiff, vs. C. B. MANCHESTER, Defendant:

The People of the State of California send greeting to C. B. MANCHESTER, Defendant.

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiff in the Justice's Court of Grafton Township, County of Yolo, State of California, and to answer before the Justice at his office in said Township, the Complaint filed therein; within five days, (exclusive of the day of service), after the service on you of this summons—if served within the Township in which this action is brought; or, if served out of said Township, but in said County, within ten days; otherwise, within twenty days.

The said action is brought to recover the sum of seventy-seven and ninety-five one-hundredths dollars ($77.95) in United States gold coin, on an account for board and money advanced to Defendant by Plaintiff at the especial instance and request of Defendant. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to so appear and answer said complaint, as above required, said Plaintiff will take judgment against you for the sum of seventy-seven and ninety-five one-hundredths dollars ($77.95), together with costs of this suit.

Make legal service and due return hereof.

Given under my hand this 6th day of February, 1877.

H. M. HOYT,

Justice of the Peace of said Township.

fe15-5t

Dissolution of Copartnership.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of TREADWELL & GAROUTTE, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the firm will please settle with W. B. TREADWELL, who is alone authorized to collect, and who will pay all indebtedness.

Woodland, Feb. 28th, 1876.

W. B. TREADWELL,
C. H. GAROUTTE.

The business of Searching Records will be continued by C. H. GAROUTTE, and the Law Business by W. B. TREADWELL, both at the late office of the firm, at the Court House. mh1-2t

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned Administrator and Administratrix of the Estate of GEORGE HEBRON, deceased, to the Creditors of, and all persons having claims against said deceased or said estate, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers within ten months from the first publication of this notice to the undersigned, at the late residence of said deceased at Woodland, in the County of Yolo.

WOODLAND, February 14th, 1877.

H. P. MERRITT, Administrator, and
RHODA HEBRON, Administratrix of the Estate of GEORGE HEBRON, Deceased.

J. H. M'KUNE, Attorney for Administrators. fe15 5t

County Printing.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Sealed Proposals will be received by the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County until MONDAY, MARCH TWELFTH, at Two P.M., for doing the County Printing for one year from date of contract.

Bids will be received as follows:

1st—All Advertisements and Notices to be inserted in Newspaper; bids to be in bulk.

2nd—All Posters, Circulars and Blanks; bids to be per hundred.

3rd—Great Register, 450 copies, including alphabetical lettering and cover. Bids to be per one hundred names.

fe22-1d D. M. BURNS, Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Emergene Ryder, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned Administrator of the Estate of EMERGENE RYDER, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said Administrator, at the Law Office of J. C. BALL, in Woodland, in the County of Yolo.

Dated at Woodland, Feb. 19th, 1877.

LAFAYETTE RYDER, Administrator.

J. C. BALL, Attorney. fe22-5t

Take Notice.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: I hereby give notice that my wife, SARAH J. LEFEVER, having left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, I will hereafter pay no debts of her contracting.

CYRUS LEFEVER.

CAPAY VALLEY, YOLO COUNTY, Feb. 8th, 1877. fe8-1m*

The Yolo Democrat.

Thursday, March 8th, 1877.

Town and County Matters

Every letter or communication to the DEMOCRAT *should bear the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as a guaranty of good faith.*

A LARGE LIST.—The first, second and third volumes of Johnson's Cyclopedia are now being delivered to the many subscribers of that valuable work. The fourth volume will be issued early this spring. We feel like calling attention once again to this standard work. It has the endorsement of all the leading papers of the country as well as of the professional men taken at large. It if more complete and more compact (only four volumes) than any work of equal magnitude with which we are acquainted. Its articles are contributed by hundreds of the ablest men of our times, rendering it doubly valuable on account of being thus vouched for. In fact, as the work progresses, its interest constantly increases. President Smith, of the College, after examining the third volume, makes the following statement:

The patrons of this Work have been in possession of the first and second volumes for some time. The perusal of the first suggested the thought that the publishers, like many merchants, had placed the best in sight as a sample, but when the second volume was received it exhibited an increased energy, with still greater care and ability in the articles discussed than in those of the first volume. The third volume shows that the publishers are increasing that interest still further with experience, and instead of giving a work decreasing in merit as the volumes are issued, a marked improvement is seen in the successive volumes. Every subject of great or minor importance is discussed with great ability; nor have we a mere compilation of facts in the different articles; but each subject, it not exhausted, is treated so elaborately that for all practical purposes the general reader is sufficiently informed. A thousand dollars would not begin to purchase the information to be found in Johnson's Cyclopedia. I heartily commend this great work as worthy of all confidence. B. H. SMITH,
Pres't College, Woodland.

As Mr. Loomis intends finishing up his canvass in this county as soon as possible, we advise all to examine the work while they have the opportunity, as it can only be had upon subscription.

If you want Dishes and Glassware at cost, or Fresh Groceries and Provisions at bedrock prices, call at J. I. EATON'S Store, corner Main and Third streets. 16-2

SECOND STREET. — A compromise has been effected in the suit pending between the Town of Woodland and D. B. Goode in this matter and Second street will soon be opened from Main to Lincoln avenue. Being in the centre of town, this will do more to improve it than anything else we know of. It should be opened at once so that the street could be improved while the ground is in proper condition.

A TOWN TO BE MOVED.—Mr. Leland Howe, of Sacramento, has made arrangements with most of the business houses at Cottonwood to move them over to the new site of Madison—about two miles due north and over a dead level. This is just how Buckeye was served when Winters was started, only the distance was fully double.

ADVENT PREACHING.—The quarterly meeting of the Seventh-Day Adventist Church in this place will occur on Saturday and Sunday, March 17th and 18th. Elder J. H. Waggoner, of Oakland, will be present and conduct the services. Particulars next week.

IN CONTEMPLATION.—Messrs. Ludden & Forrester intend soon to add a full stock of groceries to their trade. They have a very large store, with cellar room, etc., and think they may as well use it. The new firm seems to be doing a good business.

MORE FLOWERS.—Sheriff Barney is laying off more beds and walks for a flower garden in the Court Yard. The grounds look well and the trees are thrifty. Some blue grass seed sown would make a handsome little park of it.

A CHANGE.—As will be seen by his new card, the business of Searcher of Records of Treadwell & Garoutte has been transferred to C. H. Garoutte, Esq., of the late firm. Office as heretofore, in the Courthouse.

WE have some choice Farming Lands for sale on very easy terms.
17 F. S. FREEMAN & Co.

MORE GOODS. — Read & Simpson have made a good start on the Spring trade. The senior member of the firm has returned from the Bay with a heavy stock, which is being rapidly disposed of.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH. — Rev. Joseph Lanman, acting pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Subject in the morning: "What must I do to be saved." Seats free. All cordially welcomed.

ST. PATRICK'S BALL.—A grand ball will be given by F. G. Crawford at Red Men's Hall, Davisville, on Friday evening, March 15th, to which the public are invited.

ON A TOUR.—Mr. G. J. Cole started yesterday with a party of gentlemen for Los Angeles to make a tour of the Southern counties of the State.

OLD PAPERS. — We have a large number of old newspapers for sale—100 in a bundle—three for a dollar, or fifty cents each.

HORSE POSTERS.—We are prepared to print horse posters or any other kind of job work in good style and on short notice.

TOWN ORDINANCES.—Attention is called to the new Town Ordinances in this issue.

Order of Caucasians.

At a meeting of the Council of Thirteen, immediately after the adjournment of the Encampment, an Executive Committee of five was appointed as follows: John Greenwell, Supreme Chief; P. S. Dorney, Supreme Master of the Rolls; H. H. McWilliams, Supreme Chief Councillor; James R. Aull, Supreme Councillor; W. B. McLellan, Supreme Councillor. The Supreme Chief can call the Executive Committee at any time to consider matters of moment concerning the Order.

The Order of Caucasians seems to be taking a deep hold on the working men and anti-monopolists of the Pacific Coast. Two Camps have already been established in Woodland with a joint membership of some 125. Applications for charters have been sent in from other localities in the vicinity of Woodland. Camp No. 60 was organized May 18th, 1876, and now has a membership of 70, and is increasing at a rapid rate. All good citizens, of whatever political faith, are beginning to feel the necessity of combining against that class of capitalists who build cheap houses and let them to Mongolians for illegal and immoral purposes.

The recent report to Congress of the Chinese Commission sent to this Coast, being so unsatisfactory, has created a feeling of distrust among the producing classes, and many of our citizens are resorting to the Order of Caucasians as the only remedy to protect themselves against this heathen invasion.

At the first annual meeting of the Order in Sacramento on the 22d ult., it was resolved to establish a newspaper organ at Auburn.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Supreme Chief, John Greenwell; Supreme Master of the Rolls, P. S. Dorney; Council of Thirteen—Supreme Chief Councillor, H. H. McWilliams; Councillors—C. S. Lancaster, Alexander Sims, Jr., B. Davenport, Samuel Crose, J. B. Brown, W. B. McLellan, W. T. H. Totten, G. W. Kyberd, J. R. Aull, J. Steinmetze, N. Cutler, C. Walker; Supreme Constable, Thos. Loyd; Supreme Warden, Samuel Crose; Supreme Treasurer, C. H. Crowell; Supreme Secretary, W. Keller; Supreme Sentinel, H. H. Williams; Supreme Master of Outpost, Eugene Redden.

CIGARS.—Just try the following brands of Cigars, lately received by Elston & White: Flor del Fumar, Boca-yca, Pickwick, Figaro, Principe, Tube Rose, Opera, No Brand. 19

From the New Town of Clarksburg.

CLARKSBURG, March 2d, 1877.

The literary entertainment given at Clarksburg, Yolo County, Tuesday evening, February 27th was a grand success. The entertainment was intended to have taken place on the 22d, but owing to circumstances which could not be avoided it was deferred one week. The exercises consisted in declamations, speeches, readings and dialogues, which were participated in by some of the leading ladies and gentlemen of Clarksburg, assisted by Miss Emma Kurtz, Miss Jessie Hester, Miss Clara Lufkin, Professor Lufkin and John Garter, Esq. At the conclusion of the literary exercises good music was discoursed by Messrs. Hoyt and Fish, of Sacramento, when everybody joined in the merry dance, except your correspondent, who is not proficient in that accomplishment (if it be an accomplishment). At 12 o'clock all hands repaired to an adjoining room, where a splendid supper was in readiness, which was partaken of with a hearty good will; and from that hour until 4 o'clock in the morning, dancing and lunching was in order, after which the crowd dispersed feeling more than satisfied with the evening's entertainment.

One thing more deserves special remark. Mr. Alexander, who keeps the store in Clarksburg, turned the key on all intoxicating drinks, and although he was offered five dollars for a single bottle, not one drop could be obtained. Good for Mr. A. R. F. H.

SUNDAY SCHOOL BENEFIT.—GREAT COSMOS.—Valentine and Lorings Art Exhibition will be given at Central Hall Wednesday evening, March 11th. Wherever this entertainment has been given it has met with great success, and it consists of one of the finest collections of art in the United States. Mr. Ausbourn, the manager, will give the people of Woodland a chance to witness as above, and will donate one-half the proceeds to the various Sunday Schools of the town. The price of admission will be 25 cents, children 10 cents.

PURE LIQUORS.—Elston & White get their Whiskies and Brandies direct from the Kentucky distilleries. 19

PENMANSHIP. — Mr. W. E. Wells will commence teaching a class in penmanship at the public school house in this place at 7 P.M. on Monday next, March 12th. Mr. Wells has taught in this place before and gave entire satisfaction. He is a master of the art of penmanship and we trust will be well patronized.

PAINTING UP.—It looks well for our business men to be taking so much pains in painting their stores inside and out, not only showing good taste and thrift on their part, but giving the town a clean, healthy and prosperous appearance.

NEW BUILDING.—We learn that just as soon as the Second street matter is definitely settled Messrs. Burns & Dietz will commence the erection of a two-story L-shaped building on their corner of Main street, running back 84 feet on Second street and forming the L in the rear of Stollings' saloon, an upper story to be added to the saloon building also. The whole will front on Main street about 40 feet. The lower story will be occupied by Beach & Knox as a wagon and carriage shop with the blacksmithing department in the rear fronting on Second street. The upper story will be occupied in front by the *Yolo Mail* office and the back part as a paint shop.

RAINFALL.—February 15th we reported the rainfall to date at 9.13 inches. Since then we have had .20, making a total of 9.33 inches.

A DEMOCRATIC PROTEST

Address by the House Democratic Caucus and the National Committee.

WASHINGTON, March 4th. — At a caucus of the Democratic members of the House of Representatives, held on the 3d of March, 1877, in the hall of the House, the following address was unanimously adopted, L. Q. Lamar, Chairman, Henry B. Banning, Secretary:

At a meeting of the National Democratic Committee, held on the 3d of March, 1877, the following address was unanimously adopted, A. S. Hewitt, Chairman, F. O. Prince, Secretary:

To the American People:—We submit to the country the following review of events which have resulted in the declaration that Rutherford B. Hayes has been elected President of the United States.

In the late political canvass, two facts stood out prominently: First, the Republican party, true to its sectional nature, sought to unify the North by dividing the votes of the South. This division it sought to effect by an unconstitutional use of the army in South Carolina, Florida and Louisiana.

Second, troops were sent to those States when there was neither invasion nor domestic insurrection to require them. With Legislature easy to be convened, the only demand for their presence was made by the State Executives. The elections in these States, therefore, were held in the shadow of military power. Bayonets glistened at the polls. In depositing their ballots, citizens enjoyed only such liberty as the army permitted. In the other States the elections were unusually peaceful. Immediately afterward the result showed that 196 Tilden Electors had been chosen. Of the whole popular vote they received a majority of over a quarter of a million; and of that Caucassian race, which controls every other Christian and civilized Government of the world, they received a majority of over a million. On the day after the election it was announced by the Chairman of the Republican National Committee that 184 Tilden and 185 Hayes Electors had been chosen. Nothing had then been learned of the election except the vote actually cast. It has never since been disputed that by that vote a majority of Tilden Electors had been appointed. Such announcements, therefore, could only have been made in pursuance of an arrangement to change the vote shown to have been given by the people.

We charge, that after the true result had been proclaimed, a conspiracy was formed by Republican leaders to reverse the decision made at the polls. The field chosen for the development of the conspiracy was the States of Florida and Louisiana. The persons to act with the original conspirators were the Governors and the members of the Returning Boards of these States. The field was well chosen; the State officers selected were suitable persons for the work to be done. For more than ten years those States had been subjected to governments not of their choice. Taxation and maladministration had robbed them of their substance, and well nigh destroyed their spirit and hope. The army of the United States had been freely used to maintain those Governments in their acts of corruption and usurpation. It was believed its services would aid in the designed conspiracy. The names of the officers depended upon were: Marcellus L. Stearns, Samuel B. McLinn, and Clayton A. Cowgill, of Florida, and William Pitt Kellogg, J. Madison Wells, Thomas B. Anderson, E. Casanave, and J. B. Kenner, of Louisiana. These men were not strangers to the American people. They had before usurped authority. The Returning Boards of those States had made themselves bywords in the land. The Governors were known to be pretenders. If there were two names dishonored in general estimation, they were the names of William Pitt Kellogg and J. Madison Wells. To such men was the work of consumating the conspiracy confided. They entered upon their task with alacrity, advised and encouraged the leading visiting Republican statesmen of the North. They took each step with deliberation and apparent regard for law. Before the election in Louisiana, William Pitt Kellogg and his subordinates assumed exclusive control of the execution of the registry law. They refused registration to thousands who were entitled to it, and added thousands to the lists who had no right to vote. On the day of election, the polls were managed by officials appointed by the Governor. These were, in nearly every instance, members of the Republican party. United States Marshals swarmed at every precinct when thought necessary, under pretence of preserving the peace, but in fact to intimidate votes. Ballot-boxes were stuffed in the interest of the Republican candidates. Poll books were falsified in some instances, and then returned to the Canvassing Board; while in other cases returns giving Democratic majorities were withheld from the Canvassers altogether. After the returns had been delivered to the Board they remained in its possession, and while there they were opened with its consent, and the original papers abstracted and false ones substituted in their stead. When the returns were opened, the Board, with an appearance of fairness, permitted persons representing both parties to be present, but when the decision was made as to what should be counted, secret sessions were held, from which every Democrat was excluded, although the law constituting the Board required that it should be composed of representatives of both political parties. In counting the votes it exercised powers not conferred by statutes, and in most flagrant disregard of truth and justice, the members of the Board changed the poll books so that Republican officers appeared to have been chosen, when their opponents had in fact been elected. They forged the names of officers to certificates of election. They threw out votes of precincts upon affidavits which they knew had been fraudulently returned; indeed, they themselves ordered false affidavits to be made hundreds of miles from places at which they purported to have been taken, in order that the decision might appear justified which they had in advance determined to make. They arbitrarily threw out votes where there was no preliminary statement from the Cummissioners of Election to give them jurisdiction. They corruptly, in order to elect favorites and to correct mistakes of certain Republicans in voting for Electors, added to the list votes which had never been cast. While considering the case members of the Board endeavored to enter into negotiations with both Republican and Democratic National Committees to sell their decision. Half a million dollars was the price asked. Not obtaining it, they tried to bargain with leading Democrats of Louisiana to elect the State ticket of their party. J. Madison Wells, with the approval of Thomas C. Anderson, offered to elect Nichols' State ticket for $200,000, cash in hand. The money was not paid. Negotiations were then renewed, if ever broken off, with the leaders of the Republican party, and the result was declared in its favor. The chief conspirator, J. Madison Wells, admitted that he had been paid by that organization for his decision.

In Florida the same frauds characterized the returns and the action of the Returning Board. Votes were thrown out with the same disregard of justice. Besides, in that State, it refused to read the order of Courts of competent jurisdiction, and proceeded in most defiant contempt of judicial authority. In this manner more than one thousand Tilden votes were thrown out in Florida, and more than ten thousand in Louisiana. The votes in those States, in consequence of the conspiracy, which in fact had been cast for Tilden, were given to Hayes.

The only excuse given for this outrageous reversal of the judgement of the people is that intimidation had been practised by the whites against the blacks where the votes were thrown out. Whether this intimidation compelled some persons to vote against their will, or prevented some from attending the polls, it affords in either case no justification for the deliberate rejection of ballots by the Returning Boards. The text of the statute of Louisiana only authorized proof of intimidation in cases where charges of violence were made in writing by Commissioners of Elections on the day when the election was held. These charges were to be enclosed to the Board in envelopes containing the returns. In few cases only were charges made as required; in the rest evidence was received without proper foundation having been made. The evidence received consisted in the main of affidavits written out by clerks, employees of the Returning Board, without ever having been seen by the persons purporting to verify them or officers purporting to certify to them. There was, therefore, no adequate proof of intimidation. It may be remarked here that the temptation to Kellogg and his Returning Board was very great to manufacture cases of intimidation, for it was only in that way that the Democratic majority could be overthrown and the conspiracy be successful.

We should not fail to call the attention of the people to the dangerous effect of the doctrine of intimidation in politics. It disqualifies from voting not only parties to the act of intimidation, but all those who have voted at the same precincts with them. Two persons may conclude to make a case of intimidation and thereby cause a parish casting thousands of votes to be rejected. It makes election a farce; it takes power from the people to rest it in returning boards; it enables the latter to impose the severest of political penalties, disfranchisement, without giving to persons punished an opportunity of hearing or trial. A republic deserves to lose its liberties if it tolerates such outrages for an hour, by this disregard of law, disobedience of courts, and contempt of rights of voters, as in the case of Florida.

The Commission also refused to hear proof that at the time of the election of South Carolina anarchy prevailed, destroying a republican form of government there; that troops were retained in violation of the Constitution; to interfere with a free choice by the election, and that the lawful vote of the State could not be known.

Against these decisions we protest most earnestly in the name of free republican government. In the first place, they struck a fatal blow at the constitutional powers of the two Houses to count the Electoral vote. This power has been exercised by both Houses without dispute from the foundation of the Government. That evidence should be reached in cases of contested elections seems clear. The principle has been maintained by the ablest men the country has produced. It was a practice confined to principle in secret session, notably in the case of Louisiana itself in 1869 and 1873. Such evidently was the view of both Houses at the present session. Investigating committees were sent to Florida, South Carolina and Louisiana, to take testimony and report as to elections in those States. It is difficult to see upon what principle this view can be based. The duty of Congress is to count the vote. This makes an enactment of the vote to be counted; this again makes a determination of what is the true vote, and distinguishes what is false from true; this requires evidence. Forms of law impressing the fact can not be made unless evidence be admitted; for if fraud possesses the count, how can the success of falsehood be prevented if an inquiry be denied? The action of the Commission disables Congress from performing certain constitutional duties.

In the second place, this decision nullifies an article of the Constitution. In Section 1, Article 44, it is provided that "no Senator or Representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States shall be appointed Elector." If States choose Electors who are ineligible, how can this provision be made effectual? The State, by its action, has refused to repeal; manifestly, it can then only be enforced by power.

By their frauds, corruptions and usurpations, by their briberies, perjuries and forgeries, did the conspirators obtain certificates of election for the Republican candidates in the Southern States named.

From the day that the certificates were issued to the Hayes Electors in Louisiana and Florida, the country has been filled with unprecedented excitement. The people have done little else than engage in discussion as to the fraudulent conduct of the Returning Boards. In this condition of affairs business has been generally suspended, failures have been frequent, prostration has seized upon nearly every interest in the land. When this excitement was at its height Congress assembled. One of its duties was to count the Electoral votes of the States, including Florida and Louisiana. With a view of facilitating the count and providing for a peaceful performance of its duty by Congress, a bill was passed creating an Electoral Commission. By that law the Commission was to ascertain the true and lawful vote of every State. In this labor it was to exercise, as to the hearing of evidence and examination of papers, such power as Congress or either House of Congress possessed. In the belief that the evidence would be heard, and that the settlement of the disputed question of fact would be fairly reached, Congress and the people accepted the Commission. How that confidence has been disappointed, how a decision has been reached based upon a refusal to consider the unfortunate question in dispute, is well known to the country. When the certificates from Florida and Louisiana were opened and submitted to the two Houses, objections were filed to those presented by the Hayes Electors. Among other grounds of objection it was urged that these certificates had been fraudulently and corruptly issued by the Returning Boards and Executives of these States, and is the result of a conspiracy between them and the Electors claiming to have been chosen; that such certificates had been issued in violation of the laws of the respective States, and that some of the Electors named therein were ineligible by express provision of the Constitution of the United States. When these objections were made for consideration before the Commission, proof was offered to the Commission to sustain them. The Commission, by a vote of 8 to 7, refused to receive the testimony offered, except as to ineligibility as to a single member in Florida. It was voted in the case of Louisiana that the Commission would not take evidence to show that the Returning Board was an unconstitutional body; that it was organized as the law requires at the time the vote was canvassed; that it had no jurisdiction to canvass the Electoral vote; that the charges of riot and intimidation were false; that the Returning Board knew the fact; that the certificates were corruptly and fraudulently issued and as the result of a conspiracy, and that the vote of the State never had been compiled or canvassed. The same rulings substantially were made in the case of Florida.

"Congress, then, in counting the vote must determine who are and who are not eligible Electors, facts which can only be ascertained by evidence *aliunde*. Any other doctrine abrogates previous constructions, and in effect substitutes the following in their place: Senators, Representatives and all persons holding offices of trust or profit under the United States may be appointed Electors: The doctrine ignores all precedents and rules of morals in excluding evidence of fraud. It is submitted that nothing can stand which is tarnished by fraud. It vitiates everything. It annuls every deed, cancels every obligation, annuls every contract, reverses every judgment. Every tribunal, however organized, is bound to regard every fraudulent transaction as a nullity, however it may come before it, whether directly or in an independent proceeding, or collaterally. The decision of the highest tribunal, if procured through fraud, should be treated as if of no effect by the humblest court in the land. As said by a distinguished writer, "It matters not whether the judgment impunged has been pronounced by an inferior or by the highest Court in the land; but in all cases alike it is competent for every Court, whether inferior or superior, to treat as a nullity any judgment that can be clearly shown to have been obtained by manifest fraud."

It remained for this Commission to declare that there were certain tribunals which could perpetrate fraud with impunity, and that there was one Court which could lay its hands upon fraud when brought before it for review. Those exceptional tribunals were the Returning Board of Florida and Louisiana; that exceptional Court was the Commission. Fraud has found an entrenchment from which it cannot be driven in a contest for making choice of the highest officer of the greatest of Republics. A doctrine more corrupting in its consequences, more destructive of purity of election, and more threatening in its perpetuity of free government, could not easily be suggested. It is sought to justify this decision by an appeal to the State sovereignity. The argument is that as States choose their Electors in their soverign capacity, their decision cannot be reversed by any other authority. This proposition pushes to its farthest limit the doctrine of States' Rights. The theory of the most advanced advocates of that school was only that the States were sovereign as to retained powers; over those which were delegated, it was conceded that the Constitution was supreme. The power to choose Electors would not have existed except for the Constitution. It was therefore delegated power. The Legislature of a State chooses Electors by virture of a constitutional provision. It is a duty to be performed by a State while in the Union. It cannot perform it before admission, not after union is disputed. Can it be possible that there is no power in the Union to determine how the duty has been performed, and whether in compliance with the constitutional provision? To assert this doctrine is to declare the absolute independence of the States, to deny the supremecy of the Constitution, and to leave the United States powerless against fraud or violence of States, which may force Presidents upon the people. The power to review the action of the Electoral College seems to necessarily be derived from the nature of a confederate government. If one party to the compact possesses the power as to its subject matter superior to the power created by agreement, the compact fails, for it is impossible for the confederacy to exist unless the jurisdiction of its individual members as to the power committed to the confederation is subordinated to the larger jurisdictions of the latter. If, for example, as in this case, one State can reverse its functions as to electing President, in violation of the Constitution, without any power in the Union to reverse its action, then the Constitution was unnecessary for the delegation of powers and the nation may be governed in violation of every instrument which created it. But whatever the power of Congress as to authority over the votes of Electors, it is certain that it is not bound to treat as valid a fraudulent certificate. It matters not how absolute the soverignity under which fraud is perpetrated, it cannot receive protection nor be granted recognition. If there be a tribunal to which the certificates are submitted, it is bound to treat them as worthless. Certificates were charged to be fraudulent. The Commission, if it counted them, gave them validity. It was its duty to hear the facts and to prevent the success of fraud, even though certificates came through sovereignity a hundred fold greater than that of Louisiana or Florida. By these methods, under forms prescribed by the law constituting the Electoral Commission, Rutherford B. Hayes has been declared President of the United States. His title rests upon the disfranchisement of lawful voters, false certificates of returning officers acting corruptly, and the decision of a Commission which has refused to hear evidence of alleged fraud. For the first time are the American people confronted with the fact of a President fraudulently elected. His inauguration will be peaceful, and in that hour the most infamous conspiracy of all history will recieve its crown. In the exciting days past, the forbearance of the people has maintained peace. Let it not, however, be understood from this that the fraud to be consumated March 4th will be silently acquiesced in by the country. Let no hour pass in which the usurpation is forgotten. Let agitation be unceasing, that at every opportunity the people may express their abhorrence of outrage. Let want of confidence be voted at every election in Mr. Hayes and his administration. Both must be controlled by conspirators, who have elected the one and organized the other; and whatever of good may come from the other will always be darkened by the stain upon the title. Let the Democratic party at once organize for new contests to secure overwhelming victories, that conspirators may never again attempt the experiment which now humiliates the public and has installed in its highest office an usurper.

(Signed): Frank H. Hurd of Ohio, Randall L. Gibson of Louisiana, Josiah G. Abbott of Massachusetts, Otto R. Singleton of Mississippi, William P. Lynde of Wisconsin.

RACES.—In the half mile and repeat race over the Woodland course on Saturday next, the purse of $250 will be run for by "Selkirk," "Billy Bingham," "Fox," "Daisy Dean" and "Fanny Johnson." The $800 purse in the two-mile heat trotting race will be contested for by "Terrapin" and "Rock."

STREETS GRADED. — First street, north of Main, in front of Pockman's livery stable and feed yard, is being graded up to the proper level and will receive a coat of gravel, which will make a fine street of it. Court street between Third and Fourth has also been similarly improved.

TOO LATE.—A West Cottonwood communication arrived too late for this week.

A Remarkable Cure.

WEST TOWNSEND, VT., May 14, 1860.

MESSRS. S. W. FOWLE & SONS:

Gentlemen:—Several years since I took a severe cold, which settled on my lungs, where it remained without relaxation. I was then in Massachusetts, and growing worse and becoming unable to attend to my business I returned home and commenced searching in earnest for some medicine which would restore my lost health. I consulted physicians, I tried many remedies, but obtained no help, but daily grew worse. I had a terrible cough, and raised a good deal of blood. I had profuse night sweats, and severe pain in my side. I continued in this state for months, and became so weak that it was with great difficulty I could walk, when I was advised to try WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, and to my great joy I soon found that this remedy had arrested the disease. I continued to use the BALSAM to the extent of five bottles, and have since then experienced no difficulty of the lungs. I believe the BALSAM saved my life, and I shall ever hold it in high estimation.

From a Distinguished Jurist.

"I have tried the PERUVIAN SYRUP and the result fully sustains your prediction. It has made a new man of me, infused into my system new vigor and energy. I am no longer tremulous and debilitated as when you last saw me, but am stronger, heartier, and with larger capacity for labor, mental and physical, than at any time during the last five years. Sold by all druggists.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—In all crowded cities, malaria and fogs are breathed over and over again, till the strongest lungs are incapable of producing pure blood, hence the sluggishness of mind and body, the weariness and irritability of many persons during this season of the year. These medicines neutralize these impurities and give vigor to the head, heart and stomach. 25 cents per box or pot.

IT is a rare thing that physicians give any countenance to a medicine, the manufacture of which is a secret. About the only exception we know of is "Johnson's Anodyne Liniment." This, we believe, all endorse, and many of them use it in their practice with great success.

PERSONS requiring purgatives or pills should be careful what they buy. Some pills not only cause griping pains, but leave the bowels in a torpid, costive state. "Parson's Purgative Pills will relieve the bowels and cleanse the blood without injury to the system.

BORN.

Near Cacheville, Feb. 26th, to the wife of Warren Hannum, a Son.

MARRIED.

In Sacramento, March 6th, by Rev. Loewenthal, Mr. Selig Hyman to Miss Ida Lewin.

DIED.

In Woodland, March 8th, William, son of John and Alice Lambert, aged 6 months. Funeral Friday at 11 A.M. from the family residence on Third Street.

In Lakeport, Feb. 21st, Alexander Bray, a native of Kentucky, and brother of Mr. Bray of this county, aged 39 years 5 months and 27 days.

A Fine Thing for the Teeth.

Fragrant SOZODONT is a composition of the purest and choicest ingredients of the Oriental vegetable kingdom. Every ingredient is well known to have a beneficial effect on the teeth and gums. Its embalming or antiseptic property and aromatic fragrance makes it a toilet luxury. SOZODONT removes all disagreeable odors from the breath caused by catarrh, bad teeth, etc. It is entirely free from the injurious and acrid properties of tooth pastes and powders which destroy the enamel. One bottle will last six months.

Strange, but True.

Your Cough is killing you! Is your life worth 25 cents? If so, use "Dr. Seth Arnold's Cough Killer," the great eradicator of all Lung Diseases. It is superior to all other remedies yet discovered for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Croup, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Price 25 cents, 50 cents and $1.00. Call on E. BYRNE & Co., Agents, Woodland, Cal., and obtain a bottle. If relief is not afforded, money refunded. Two doses will relieve the most severe case. A sure, speedy, and perfectly safe remedy, proved by trial to excel any other in the world. Remember it is warranted. Compounded by the Dr. Seth Arnold Medical Corporation, Woonsocket, R. I.

DAILY & WEEKLY

"Examiner."

Chief Organ of the Democratic Party

—OF—

CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST!

The Weekly Examiner

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Sixty-four columns of carefully selected reading matter, and is enriched with the soundest essays on the political and general questions of the day by the ablest writers on the Coast, treated in a manner to render the EXAMINER valuable for present reading and for future reference.

It is prepared expressly for the Farmer, Miner and Interior Merchant, and will be found invaluable for its carefully compiled, elaborate and reliable

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It has the largest circulation of any weekly paper published west of the Rocky Mountains. As a Family Newspaper it has no superior in the State, and no house should be without it.

It may be read with profit and pleasure around the domestic hearth, especial care being taken that it shall contain nothing that can offend morality.

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NOTICE.

THE I X L

Cash Store

Has been opened in College Block, Woodland,

WITH A LARGE STOCK OF

Dry Goods!

CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS, ETC.

—ALSO—

ALL KINDS OF

FANCY GOODS

—FOR—

Christmas!

☞ Goods sold for Cash only, and of course cheaper than they could be sold on credit.
de14-3m D. LEVY.

J. S. WHITE. J. B. ELSTON.

Elston & White,

SUCCESSORS TO

ELSTON & LUDDEN,

DRUGGISTS,

Calbraith's Block,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND

Drugs, Medicines,

PAINTS, OILS,

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SOAPS, HAIR BRUSHES, ETC.

A FINE STOCK OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

Miscellaneous Books, Stationery,

INITIAL NOTE, DIARIES, ETC., ETC.

ALSO, A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

GLASS,

CIGARS, TOBACCO, LEGAL BLANKS

Also, Fine Port & Sherry Wines,

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKIES,
COGNAC BRANDY,
HOLLAND GIN,
JAMAICA RUM, ETC.,

All of the purest quality for medicinal use.

☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours—day or night.

ELSTON & WHITE,
(Read & Magee's old stand), Main street,
de21-3m WOODLAND.

STOP THAT COUGHING!

TAKE

HOYT'S COUGH SYRUP!

THE STANDARD REMEDY FOR

Coughs, Colds,

CROUP,

Whooping Cough, Asthma,

BRONCHITIS,

CONSUMPTION

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All Diseases of the Throat and Lungs!

HOYT'S AGUE TONIC!

Effectually eradicates malarial poison from the system, restores strength, invigorates the body, stimulates the sluggish liver to healthy secretion, enriches the impoverished blood, and restores the lost appetite.

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A certain cure for Piles, Chapped Hands, Tetter, Scald Head, Scrofulous, Fistulous and all other Ulcers.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Prepared only by the Proprietor,

H. M. HOYT, Knights Landing,

fe2-3m YOLO COUNTY, CAL.

TO THE LADIES

—OF—

Woodland and Yolo County!

MRS. OGBURN,

MILLINER AND DRESSMAKER,

Having just returned from the Bay with a full assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Of the Latest Styles,

Would be pleased to have the Ladies call and examine them, confident that she can please in the future as well as in the past. She would also return thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

N.B.—Particular attention given to

DRESSMAKING!

Ladies taught to Cut and Fit by Chart.

Agency of the

New Weed Sewing Machine!

One of the most reliable in use.

Also, Agency for SCOURING & DYEING.
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THE GOLDEN STATE

Boot and Shoe

STORE!

Cor. 6th and J Sts.,

A. J. DANIS, Prop'r,

Has the Largest and Best Assortment of Goods in Sacramento.

GENTS' ALEXIS TIES,

Hand made, direct from Boston.

FRENCH CALF BOX TOED BOOTS, Morocco Leg, hand made.

☞ No Chinese Work. No Sheepskin Leather among My Goods. No imitation of Morocco made from Split Leather.

PRICES the LOWEST. CALL and EXAMINE.

Store, N. W. Cor. 6th and J sts.,
SACRAMENTO. mh1-3m

The Yolo Democrat.

Thursday, March 8th, 1877.

The Book-Keeper's Dream.

The day had wearily worn to its close,
The night had come down with its needed repose,
As a book-keeper wended his way from the store,
Glad that his toilsome hours were o'er.

The night was cheerless and dismal and damp,
And the flickering of the dim street lamp
Went out in the wild rough gusts that beat
With furious speed through the gloomy street.

Tired and cold, with pain-throbbing head
He sank to repose on his lonely bed;
Still through his brain, as the Book-keeper slept,
Visions of *Debtor* and *Creditor* crept.

The great *Balance-sheet* he had finished that day
And *Profit and Loss* in the usual way
Showed how much money the merchant had made
Or lost in the preceding twelve-month's trade.

And he dreamed that night that an angel came
With the *Ledger* of Life; and against his name
Were charges till there was no room to spare,
And nothing whatever was credited there!

There were life and its blessings, as intellect, health;
There were charges of time, opportunities, wealth;
Of talents for good, of friendship the best,
Of nourishment, joys, affection and rest;

And hundreds of others, and each one as great,
All with interest accrued from the time of their date,
'Till despairing of ever being able to pay,
The Book-keeper shrank from the angel away.

But the angel declared the account must be paid,
And protested it could not be longer delayed.
The Book-keeper sighed, and began to deplore
How meager the treasure he'd laid up in store.

He'd cheerfully render all he had acquired,
And his note on demand for the balance required.
Then quickly the angel took paper and wrote
The following as an acceptable note:

"On demand, without grace from the close of to-day,
For value received, I promise to pay
To him who has kept me, and everywhere
Has guarded my soul with infinite care;

"Whose blessings outnumber the drops of the ocean,
While living, the sum of my heart's best devotion;
In witness whereof, to be seen of all men,
I affix the great seal of the soul's AMEN."

The Book-keeper added his name to the note,
While the angel across the great ledger page wrote
In letters as crimson as human gore,
"SETTLED IN FULL"—and was seen no more.

General News Items.

Favorite melody with the grand larcenists of the Radical party—"I love to steal four years away."

The City Council of Glenwood, Iowa, has prohibited the tolling of bells on funeral occasions.

The Senate has confirmed the nomination of Paul Morrill as Surveyor of Customs of San Francisco.

The whaling steamer Spitzbergen was lost near Bergen, Feb 29th, with all hands, numbering twenty-two persons.

Rotten Borough Hayes would be almost as appropriate a name for our fraudulent President as Returning Board Hayes.

Messrs. Scelye and Pierce, Radical members of Congress from Massachusetts, voted that Louisiana be counted for Samuel J. Tilden and Thomas A. Hendricks.

The Republican gang having stolen everything else in this country but the Presidency, they concluded to lay hands on that also and thus complete the work.

A combination of the distillers of the entire country, embracing nearly every important establishment in the United States, has been formed for the purpose of raising the price of whisky.

A Nevada man, being commanded by a robber to throw up his hands, obeyed promptly, and concealed his money in them. The robber searched his clothing, but not his hands, and so got the booty.

The Board of Managers of the Mechanics' Institute announce that the Twelfth Annual Industrial Exhibition will be opened on Tuesday August 7th, in San Francisco, and continue open at least 30 days.

M. De Cassagnac, the Bonapartist champion, has openly thrown down the gauntlet to the Republic by maintaining in the Pays that the son of Napoleon III. will return triumphantly to the Imperial throne of France within three years.

The Dominion government promises that the new Welland Canal shall be finished in time for the navigation season of 1877. The whole line of the canal will have 16 feet of water, and the locks will be 280 feet long and 46 feet wide.

The camels formerly used in Packing salt to the Comstock mines, will shortly be taken to Arizona, for service in the deserts of that country. Since the introduction of these animals in Nevada, some ten years ago, they have increased from eight to forty-two.

On and after March 1st, messages transmitted to England, Ireland and France, have by agreement between the W. U. and Anglo Cable Companies been reduced to 45 cents per word, being a reduction of over 100 per cent., as it has heretofore been 95 cents per word.

The following is the oath the Electoral Commission subscribed to: "I solemnly swear that I will impartially examine and consider all questions submitted to the Commission, of which I am a member, and a true judgment give thereon agreeably to the Constitution and the laws. So help me God."

The Radical Commission and the Radicals in Congress have admitted that it is only by fraud and force that they declared Hayes to be President elect; and that they dared not examine into the frauds in Florida and Louisiana because they knew, if they did, it would show that Tilden was fairly elected.

Under Hayes' Fraudulent Administration the career of corruption and extravagance must go on at Washington. The Fraudulent Cabinet will be new, but the officeholding class will be the same, with the same old purposes and methods; and there can be no health in an Administration established through fraud.

At San Buenaventura, March 1st, the Cesapi Oil Company, at a depth of a very few feet struck a large flow of green oil. As soon as machinery can be put in position it will be pumped and boring commenced. Capitalists have employed prospectors, who are locating all Government land supposed to lie within the oil belt. The deepest well yet sunk is down about 150 feet.

Dr. O. P. Fitzgerald of San Francisco will commence the publication of a paper in that city about the first of March to be called *Fitzgerald's Home Newspaper*. It will be devoted generally to literature, the news of the day and education. The latter department a specialty. Dr. Fitzgerald is a good writer, has had a good deal of experience in the newspaper business, and we hope will meet with abundant success.

All the powers of Congress are legislating powers or their necessary incidents, and all such powers are by the Constitution vested in a two-chamber legislature, except when it is expressly otherwise provided. Congress cannot delegate such powers to a Joint Committee nor to any Committee or other body whatever. The Act creating the Bradley Commission is in that respect wholly unconstitutional and void.

All the counsel, and the illustrious eight Commissioners, who steadily supported and voted for the Returning Board frauds, expect to be considered in the first rank of favor with the Hayes Administrtion. Most of them have picked out soft places for themselves or their families, or their next friends, and they look forward to a good time during the next four years at the public expense under the fraudulent President.

One thousand dollars have been subscribed at Hollister to test the theory whether rain can be produced by the frequent discharge of cannon. A communication was addressed by the Committee having the matter in charge to the military commandant in San Francisco, asking for the use of the United States ordnance. A reply soon came informing the Committee that the ordnance could not be moved without permission from the Secretary of War.

H. WACHHORST,

IMPORTING WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

79 J street, Sacramento,

BET. THIRD AND FOURTH,
Invites attention to his

Magnificent Stock of Genuine terling Silverware.

Ornamented and for the Table—925 fine, warranted to retain its beautiful whiteness and not change to a greyish shade like coin quality of Silver Forks and Spoons.

JEWELRY. My selection is one of the rarest and most valuable in the State, in Diamond Sets, Stone Cameo, Amethyst, Coral and Solid Gold Sets.

RINGS. An endless variety of every description, from Plain Solid Gold to the most elegant Diamond Settings.

CHAINS. Opera, Neck Opera Guard, Chatelain, and Vest Chains, all the new elegant patterns.

SUNDRIES. Lockets, Charms, Seals, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, Collar Buttons, Gents' Gold Headed Walking Canes, etc.

WATCHES. Chronometers, Chronographs, (quarter and one-fifth second) for timing horses, fine English and Swiss watches, American watches from the best manufactories, which I will forward to any part of the country at factory prices.

CLOCKS. From the plainest to the finest French Pendules.

DEALERS In these articles from the interior will be allowed a liberal discount.

Orders Promptly Filled.

Chronometers, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired by the best workmen and warranted.

My customers enjoy this advantage, I purchase my goods for cash from the factories and sell cheaper than any other dealer here.

Remember the Sign of the Town Clock.

79 J street, between 3d and 4th.
ja11-3m

Centaur

Liniments!

One Kind for the Human Family,

The other for Horses & Animals.

These Liniments are simply the wonder of the world. Their effects are little less than marvellous.

THE WHITE LINIMENT is for the human family. It will drive Rheumatism, Sciatica and Neuralgia from the system; cures Lumbago, Chilblains, Lock-jaw, Palsy, Itch, and most cutaneous eruptions; it extracts frost from frozen hands and feet, and the poison of bites and stings of venomous reptiles; it subdues swellings, and alleviates pain of every kind. When sprains or bruises occur, it is the most potent remedy ever discovered to heal the injured parts. The Centaur Liniment is used with great efficacy for Sore Throat, TOOTHACHE, CAKED BREASTS, Earache, and Weak Back. The following is but a sample of numerous testimonials:

"INDIANA HOME, JEFF. CO., IND., May 28, 1873.
"I think it my duty to inform you that I have suffered much with swollen feet and chords. A few bottles of Centaur Liniment has done the work for me. I have not been free from these swellings in eight years. Now I am perfectly well. The Liniment ought to be applied warm. BENJAMIN BROWN."

The proof is in the trial. It is reliable, it is handy, it is cheap, and every family should have the White Centaur Liniment,

THE YELLOW CENTAUR LINIMENT is adapted to the tough muscles, cords and flesh of horses and animals. It has performed more wonderful cures, in three years, of Spavin, Strain, Wind-galls, Scratches, Sweeny, and general Lameness, than all other remedies in existence. Read what the great Expressmen say of it:

"NEW YORK, January, 1874.
"Every owner of horses should give the CENTAUR LINIMENT a trial. We consider it the best article ever used in our stables.
"H. MARSH, Sup't Adams Ex. Stables, N.Y.
"E. PULTZ, Sup't U. S. Ex. Stables, N.Y.
"A. S. OLIN, Sup't Nat. Ex. Stables, N.Y."

The best patrons of this Liniment are Farriers and Veterinary Surgeons, who are continually using some Liniment. It heals Galls, Wounds and Poll-evil, removes Swellings, and is worth millions of dollars annually to Farmers, Livery-men, Stock-growers, Sheep-raisers, and those having horses or cattle.

What a Farrier cannot do for $20 the Centaur Liniment will do at a trifling cost.

These Liniments are sold by all dealers throughout the country. They are warranted by the proprietors, and a bottle will be given to any Farrier or Physician who desires to test them.

Laboratory of J. B. ROSE & Co.,
46 DEY STREET, NEW YORK.

Honey.

PITCHER'S CASTORIA is a complete substitute for Castor Oil, and is as pleasant to take as Honey. It is particularly adapted to Teethins and irritable children. It destroys worms, assimilates the food, regulates the Stomach, and cures Wind Colic. Few remedies are as efficacious for Feverishness, Croup, Worms and Whooping Cough. Castoria is a scientific and purely vegetable preparation, more effective than Castor Oil, and neither gags nor gripes. Prepared by Messrs. J. B. ROSE & Co., 46 Dey Street, New York, from the recipe of Samuel Pitcher, M.D., of Barnstable, Mass. fe1-oc5-jy27-2

New Grocery Store.

Having opened a new Grocery Store in DIETZ' BUILDING,

NEXT DOOR TO BENTLEY & SIMPSON'S,

Woodland, I am prepared to supply the public with all kinds of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES, FRUITS, BUTTER AND EGGS,

And Everything a Family needs in that line.

Also, Tobacco and Cigars, Candies, Nuts, Etc.
ja11-3m GEORGE FINSTERER.

A. D. PORTER

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCER

—AND—

Dealer in Produce Generally.

MAIN ST., WOODLAND.
ja4-3m

To the Ladies of Woodland and Vicinity.

Rag Carpet Manufactory.

The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he has just established himself in Woodland, and is prepared to weave Rag Carpets for all who want them.

PRICES.

Fancy patterns, per yard.....50 cts.
Patterns with white warp, per yard.....45 cts.
Plain patterns, per yard.....40 cts.

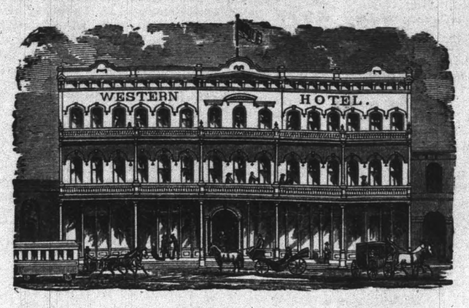
For Sale at Nicklesburg Bros'.

Orders left at Porter's store will be promptly attended to.
ja18-3m THOMAS McCANNA.

PICTURES, BOOKS, SHEET MUSIC, Musical Instruments, Etc., at ST. LOUIS' VARIETY STORE, Main Street, Woodland.

WESTERN HOTEL,

SACRAMENTO.



THIS NOW COMMODIOUS AND ELEGANT HOTEL—THE MOST ROOMY AND imposing in the city—was rebuilt, remodeled and improved thoughout in the Summer of 1875, under the direction of WM. LAND, the present proprietor, who placed in it all the improved modern conveniences, and furnished it so complete that none in the city CAN EQUAL IT. It has a frontage on K street of 120 feet, extending back 160 feet, and is three stories high in addition to the Basement, which is used for the Laundry, Boilers, Steamer, Storerooms, Bakery etc. The Hotel HAS A COMMODIOUS OFFICE AND READING ROOM, and contains an ELEVATOR by which guests may ascend and descend to and from the upper stories. ITS FACILITIES FOR ESCAPE FROM FIRE ARE COMPLETE, there being FIVE means of escape from the upper stories of the building—by the rear as well as the front. It has 185 SLEEPING ROOMS, all well lighted and ventilated, there being but 7 dark rooms in the house, and these are connected with Parlors. The Spacious Dining Room will accommodate 250 people at one time.

The Western Hotel gives the best Meal for 25 cents to be had anywhere.

☞ It is convenient to routes of travel, being only one block from the Railroad Depot and Steamboat Landing,

BOARD AND LODGING, $1 TO $1.50 PER DAY. MEALS, 25 CENTS.

FREE COACH TO THE HOTEL. Exchange Office, Bath Rooms, Barber Shop and Laundry in the House. ☞ Shower Baths FREE to Guests.

fe 23 WM. LAND, Proprietor.

F. M. HALL,

SIGN OF THE BIG TEA-POT,

MAIN ST., WOODLAND,

Manufacturer of and dealer in all kinds of

Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron-ware,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

A FULL ASSORTMENT

—OF—

Stoves, Ranges,

PUMPS, PIPE OF ALL KINDS

HOSE,

BRASS GOODS,

Fruit Cans and Fruit Jars,

—AND—

EVERYTHING USUALLY KEPT

—IN A—

TIN STORE!

CAN NOW OFFER

Better Inducements to Customers than anyone else in Yolo County.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE

☞ Remember the place, two doors west of the Postoffice. fe8-3m

YOLO PLANING MILL

—AND—

Machine Sh p,

BYRON JACKSON, Prop'r,

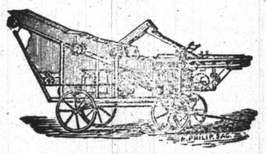
—AND—

MANUFACTURER OF ELEVATORS

—AND—

SELF-FEEDERS

FOR THRESHING MACHINES!



Horse-Forks and Derricks

For Threshing or Stacking Hay or Grain.

Will Make or Repair All Kinds of Agricultural Implements!

BLACKSMITHING

AND MACHINISTS' WORK

Done by Skilled Mechanics at Short Notice!

Threshers or Engines Repaired at the Shop or in the Field.

☞ SEND FOR SPECIAL CIRCULAR. Address,

BYRON JACKSON,

Woodland, Yolo County, Cal.

☞ For Contracting, House-building and Milling see card of CALDWELL & JACKSON. fe10-3m

BYRON JACKSON. JOSEPH CALDWELL.

CALDWELL & JACKSON,

CONTRACTORS,

Hereby notify the public that they have formed a copartnership for the purpose of carrying on a

GENERAL MILLING BUSINESS

In all its departments.

Doors, Sash, Casings, Inside Finish, Brackets, Scroll Sawing, Wood Turning, etc. Door and Window Frames and Moldings of all kinds made to order.

Jobbing done at short notice,

—AND—

GOOD WORK WARRANTED.
fe10-3m

NEW MEAT MARKET!

The undersigned, having purchased the New Meat Market heretofore conducted by WELCH & MARDERS, a few doors West of the Postoffice, respectfully solicit the patronage of the public. We are both practical men in the business, and shall at all times keep on hand the best qualities of

Fresh and Salt Meats!

With which to supply our customers. Satisfaction guaranteed to all who favor us with their trade in our line.
de7-3m STEINMITZ & LEINBERGER.

FOR SALE!

For sale at the Livery Stable of Peckman & Bedd, Woodland, TWO EASTERN PLATFORM SPRING WAGONS. For particulars inquire at the Dental Rooms of
fe15-tf PRATHER & HOLMES.

MARK THESE FACTS.

The Testimony of the Whole World.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

"I had no appetite; Holloway's Pills gave me a hearty one."
"Your Pills are marvellous."
"I send for another box, and keep them in the house."
"Dr. Holloway has cured my headache that was chronic."
"I gave one of your Pills to my babe for cholera morbus. The dear little thing got well in a day."
"My nausea of a morning is now cured."
"Your box of Holloway's Ointment cured me of noises in the head. I rubbed some of your Ointment behind the ears, and the noise has left."
"Send me five boxes of your Pills."
"Let me have three boxes of your Pills by return mail, for Chills and Fever."
I have over 200 such testimonials as these, but want of space compells me to conclude.

For Cutaneous Disorders,

And all eruptions of the skin, this Ointment is most invaluable. It does not heal externally alone, but penetrates with the most searching effects to the very roots of the evil.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

Invariably cure the following diseases

Disorder of the Kidneys.

In all diseases affecting these organs, whether they secrete too much or too little water, or whether they be afflicted with stone or gravel or with aches and pains settled in the loins over the regions of the kidneys, these Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, and the Ointment should be well rubbed into the small of the back at bedtime. This treatment will give almost immediate relief when all other means have failed.

For Stomachs Out of Order.

No medicine will so effectually improve the tone of the stomach as these pills; they remove all acidity occasioned either by intemperance or improper diet. They reach the liver and reduce it to a healthy action; they are wonderfully efficacious in cases of spasm, in fact they never fail in curing all disorders of the liver and stomach.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are the best known in the world for the following diseases: Ague, Asthma, Bilious Complaints, Blotches on the Skin, Bowels, Consumption, Debility, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Fits, Gout, Headache, Indigestion, Inflammation, Jaundice, Lumbago, Liver Complaints, Piles, Rheumatism, Retention of Urine; Scrofula or King's Evil, Sore Throat, Stone and Gravel, Tic doloroux, Tumors, Ulcers, Worms of all kinds, Weakness from any cause, etc.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.

None are genuine unless the signature of J. HAYDOCK, as agent for the United States, surrounds each box of Pills and Ointment. A handsome reward will be given to anyone rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the manufactory of Prof. HOLLOWAY & Co., New York, and by all respectable druggists and dealers in medicine throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

Office, 112 Liberty Street, New York.
1y-fe1-3m

Furniture and Undertaker's ESTABLISHMENT!

P. KRELLENBERG,

Dealer in all kinds of

FURNITURE AND BEDDING

A large assortment always on hand, which will be sold at reasonable prices!

—ALSO,—

GENERAL UNDERTAKER,

I keep on hand a large lot of BURIAL CASES and COFFINS, and have a

FIRST-CLASS HEARSE,

So that I am prepared to supply everything necessary for Funerals on short notice.

Store, Cor. Third and Main Sts.,

Opp. Pockman's Livery Stables,
de7-3m WOODLAND.

WATCHES, CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

AND FANCY GOODS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

Stationery and Musical Instruments, Etc.

AT THE ESTABLISHMENT OF

G. W. GREENE,

MAIN STREET,

COLLEGE BLOCK, WOODLAND,

is the place to find an assortment in the above lines. An inspection of my stock is respectfully requested.

Besides a large stock of Watches, Clocks, Gold, Silver and Plated Ware, Musical Instruments, Lamps, Toys and Fancy Goods, I have all the Public School, College and Text Books required; also Religious and Miscellaneous Works, Music, Books, etc.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired in a satisfactory manner and on short notice.
mh1-3m

KING,

Photographer,

OVER PORTER & CO.S,

WOODLAND.

None but First-Class Work Allowed to Leave this Gallery.

COME AND SEE US!
de21-3m

MRS. C. H. SPRAGUE'S

California Poultry Yards,

AT WOODLAND, CAL.,

Cannot be beaten East of the Rocky Mountains, nor equaled West of them.

Her Fowls for breeding have been selected with special care from the best Poultry Yards in Vermont, Connecticut, New York, Michigan, Ohio, California, Canada and England.

During 1877, Eggs will be sold as follows:

LIGHT BRAHMAS!

Dark Brahmas, White Leghorns, Brown Leghorns, Buff Cochins, White Cochins, Partridge Cochins, Houdans, Golden Penciled Hamburgs, Silver Spangled Hamburgs, Golden Spangled Hamburgs, White Faced Black Spanish, Plymouth Rocks, Eurekas, Silver Grey Dorkings and Golden Penciled Hamburgs, at Three Dollars per dozen.

IMPORTED

SILVER SPANGLED HAMBURGS!

Golden Penciled Hamburgs, Bearded Golden Polish, Plain Golden Polish, Bearded Silver Polish, White Crested Black Polish, Golden Seabright Bantams and Black Breasted Red Game Bantams at Five Dollars per dozen.

FOWLS

From Three Dollars to Ten Dollars each, and are the subject of special correspondence.

All Eggs and Fowls Warranted to be Thoroughbred and of the varieties designated.

Eggs carefully packed and Fowls comfortably cooped and sent to any address.

All orders must be accompanied with cash. All letters of inquiry must have stamp enclosed.

N.B.—I have the only genuine Golden and Silver Polish and Gold Penciled Hamburgs West of the Rocky Mountains.

Visitors are invited to stroll through my Poultry Yards, opposite the Railroad Depot at Woodland, and view my beautiful and desirable selection of Fowls.

MRS. C. H. SPRAGUE,
de21 WOODLAND, CAL.

LUMBER!

S. A. DAVIS. D. FRAZER.

Davis & Frazer,

(Successors to Ruggles & Davis,)

AT THE OLD ESTABLISHED YARD,

South of Main St., near the College,

WOODLAND.

We keep on hand every kind of

Building and Fencing Lumber,

Shakes,
Doors,
Blinds,
Plaster Paris,

SHINGLES, WINDOWS, LATHS,

Lime, Cement, Hair, Etc.

All Orders Promptly Filled on Liberal Terms to the Purchaser.
ja4-3m DAVIS & FRAZER.

J. K. SMITH,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

COLLEGE BLOCK,

Main street, - Woodland,

Opposite Craft Hotel.

Undertaking

Promptly attended to, and at satisfactory prices.

A Fine New Hearse in connection with the business.
mh1-3m J. K. SMITH.

EAGLE MILLS,

Knights Landing.

ARNOLD & SCHROTH, Prop's.

These well known and popular mills have been thoroughly overhauled and repaired by the new proprietors, and are now ready for business, and turning out the best quality of

Fine Flour, Corn Meal,
Graham Flour, Ground Feed,
ETC., ETC.

Special attention will be given to

GRIST WORK,

Which will be promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed,

For choice lots of milling wheat the highest price will be paid in cash. ja18-3m

PACIFIC SALOON!

Chris. Sieber, - - Proprietor

I keep the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and respectfully invite all my friends and the public to come and see me.

PACIFIC SALOON,

Opp. the College, Main St., Woodland.
ja18-3m

NOTICE!

2,000 Acres of First-Class Farming Land for Sale!

One mile from Dunnigan's Station, on the California Pacific Railroad and five miles from the Sacramento River. Terms of sale easy.

Address W. J. CLARKE,
je20-tf Antelope, Yolo Co.

L. Machefert's

JEWELRY STORE,

MAIN STREET, (UNDER CRAFT HOTEL).

GOLD WATCHES

For Ladies and Gents,

GOLD CHAINS,

Vest, Long, and Necklace,

AMERICAN & SWISS SILVER WATCHES

COIN SILVER CHAINS,

Latest Style Gold Sets,

EARRINGS AND PINS,
GOLD CUFF PINS,
SLEEVE BUTTONS,
GLOVE FASTENERS,
SHAWL PINS
AND LOCKETS,

Gents' Gold Pins, Collar Buttons and Shirt Studs,

DIAMOND, RUBY, EMERALD, AMETHYST, ONYX, CAMEO, GARNET, PEARL, PLAIN & ENGRAVED RINGS

Silver-Plated Spoons, Forks, Knives, Cake Baskets, Fruit Dishes, Castors, Card Receivers, Etc.,

Coin Silver Spoons, Forks, Card Cases, Thimbles, Etc.,

GOLD PENS AND HOLDERS,

Spectacles and Eye Glasses, in Gold, Silver, Rubber and Steel,

Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Albums, Chromos, Frames, Knives, Guns and Pistols,

Florence Sewing Machines.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRS DONE IN A SATISFACTORY MANNER.

L. MACHEFERT,
de14-3m Main Street.

H. B. WOOD,

—DEALER IN—

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

MACHINERY,

Hardware, Woodenware, Paints & Oils,

MAIN ST., WOODLAND.

The latest improved Machinery and Agricultural Implements, which he sells at San Francisco prices.

Myers' Excelsior Gang Plow!

ONE OF THE VERY BEST IN USE!

He also calls attention to his

Iron and Wood-worker's Tools,

And Stock-in-Trade, consisting in IRON, STEEL, COAL, SPRINGS, AXLES, BOLTS, NAILS, LOCKS, SCREWS, HINGES, ETC., ETC.

CASTINGS FOR MACHINERY,

Cutlery, in Every Style,

CORDAGE, BLASTING POWDER,

Fuse, and all kinds of Ammunition.

The stock of PAINTERS' FINDINGS is large and complete, consisting of

Paints, Oils, Brushes, Window-Glass, ETC., ETC.

THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS, MECHANICS AND BUILDERS

Is particularly invited to his stock, each line of which is complete, and will be sold at very low prices.

H. B. WOOD.
WOODLAND, Sept. 24, 1874. de21-tf

SOMETHING NEW

At 169, 171 and 177 K Street,

SACRAMENTO CAL.

AITKEN & LUCE

Make the following proposition to those who wish Monuments or Headstones, and who come to the City for the express purpose of selecting. We will pay the R.R. fare both ways when the distance and amount of purchase compare with the following table:

$50 00 Contract—30 miles or less.
$75.00 " 40 " "
$100.00 " 50 " "
$250.00 " 75 " "
$500.00 " 150 " "
$1,000.00 " 300 " "

Thus giving purchasers the opportunity of making their selections, instead of dealing with inexperienced canvassers.

Cut this out and bring it with you, and after you have made your purchase, present it, and we will give you credit for your R. R. fare both ways.

We wish it distinctly understood that we work any kind of marble desired, and as low as the lowest.

Italian, Vermont and California Marble, of our own importation and production, at wholesale and retail.

Orders for Scotch Granite Monuments filled direct from Glasgow, Scotland.

ESTABLISHED IN 1851.
fe16-3m AITKEN & LUCE.

CACHE CREEK MARKET,

COTTONWOOD,

YOLO COUNTY, CAL.

FRED. N. HENRICH,

Dealer in all kinds of

Meats, Sausage, Lard, Bacon, Hides, Tallow, etc.

SAUSAGE MADE AT NIGHT,

And entirely free from flies and dirt, by an expert hand at the business, in a superior manner. Sausage Meat is a splendid thing for farmers in the busy season, as it is easy to cook and always ready. Very handy for lunch. Try it.

COTTONWOOD, June 22d, 1876. fe23-3m

THE NEW

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT!

Fall and Winter Goods,

MRS. & MISS PORTER

Have received their Spring Stock of Millinery, embracing the Latest and Most Fashionable Styles of Goods, and are prepared to suit the most fastidious tastes at reasonable prices. PLEATING done to order.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.—We are agents for the celebrated Butterick's Patterns, to which we call the attention of the public.

Ladies are respectfully invited to favor us with their patronage.
de14-3m MRS. W. W. PORTER & CO.

WOODLAND BAKERY,

First Street,

Opposite Central Hall, near Capital Hotel.

O. SCHLUER, . Proprietor.

A Supply of

Bread, Cakes, Pies, Crackers,

Etc., always on hand, and delivered to any part of town if desired.

Balls and Parties

Supplied on short notice. A continuance of patronage is respectfully solicited. fe16

GAFFORD HOUSE,

DAVISVILLE,

J. W. GAFFORD, - - Proprietor.

☞ Board by the Day or Week at reasonable rates. Meals at all hours. ja12-3m

C. D. MORIN,

At his Old Stand, Opposite the Bank of Woodland,

Is prepared to do all kinds of

PLUMBING, GAS-FITTING,

—AND—

METAL ROOFING,

And Manufacturer of

Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron Wares,

ALSO, DEALER IN

STOVES,

PUMPS,

Iron and Galvanized Pipes of all sizes.

AGENT FOR THE

Celebrated "Union Range."

—AND THE—

"MEDALLION RANGE."

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

Of all kinds in his line.

GALVANIZED IRON

Water Tanks!

All Sizes, made to Order.

AGENCY FOR

Rose's deep well Force Pumps.

TOOLS FOR BORING WELLS

Can be had at my Store.

ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY Promptly attended to.

☞ SHOP ON MAIN STREET,

(Next to Gray and Wood's Hardware Store.)
fe2-3m C. D. MORIN.

THE PLACE TO BUY!

If you want a Good Article at a Low Price, in the line of

Groceries and Provisions,

—GO TO—

LA BUXSIER'S,

He keeps the best of everthing in that line, also,

Fruits, Vegetables, Butter,

Eggs, Poultry, Etc., Etc.

STORE, MAIN STREET, NORTH SIDE, Three doors from Second Street.

Please give me a call. Jos. La Buxsier.
Woodland, June 5th, 1876. de7-3m

HERMAN KUHN,

OPP. PORTER'S STORE,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND,

Dealer in all kinds of

Tinware, Stoves, Hose,

ATERPIPES AND PUMPS,

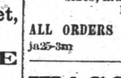
Roofing, Plumbing & Gasfitting.

JOBBING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

GALVANIZED IRON WATER TANKS, all sizes, made to order, at the lowest possible prices.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
ja25-3m HERMAN KUHN.

WAGON-MAKING,



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